COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

* * * * *

In the Matter of:

NOTICE OF SOUTH CENTRAL BELL)
TELEPHONE COMPANY OF AN ADJUST-)
MENT IN ITS INTRASTATE RATES) CASE NO. 8467
AND CHARGES

ORDER

PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

On April 23, 1982, South Central Bell Telephone Company ("Bell") filed its notice with the Commission proposing to increase its intrastate telephone rates and charges to produce an increase in revenues of approximately \$66,108,000 annually effective for telephone service rendered on and after May 13, 1982. The Commission suspended the proposed rates and charges for a period of 5 months on and after the effective date.

Bell also filed a motion requesting interim rates and charges to produce an increase in annual revenues of approximately \$15,095,000. After consideration of this motion, the Commission issued an Order on May 13, 1982, which denied interim rate relief and found that revenue requirements should be determined following a full investigation. A public meeting was held August 19, 1982, at the Old Jefferson County Courthouse in Louisville, Kentucky. Public hearings were held in the Commission's offices in Frankfort, Kentucky, on August 23-27, 1982.

Parties intervening in this matter included the Attorney
General's Consumer Protection Division ("AG"); the City of
Louisville and the Jefferson County Attorney's Office ("Louisville/
Jefferson Co."); the Commonwealth of Kentucky's Department of
Finance ("Finance"); the Kentucky Telephone Answering Service
Committee ("KTASC"); the United States Department of Defense
representing the Federal Executive Agencies ("DOD"); the Concerned Citizens and Businessmen of Central Kentucky, Inc.; the
Tri-County Consumer's Association; and Dr. Charles Teague, representing himself.

The Commission received numerous petitions and statements from individual customers and various consumer groups in Bell's service area. The Commission is pleased with the public response in this matter and has reviewed these comments carefully.

Briefs were filed with the Commission by September 13, 1982, and all information requested during the hearings has been filed.

This Order addresses the Commission's findings and determinations on issues presented and disclosed in the hearings and investigation of Bell's revenue requirements and rate design and provides rates and charges that will produce an increase in annual revenues of \$14,473,000.

ANALYSIS AND DETERMINATION

Test Period

The Commission is aware of the changing environment in which Bell operates and realizes that changes in Bell's operations

are forthcoming. However, Bell contended in its application and testimony that neither the recent modification of the consent decree between American Telephone and Telegraph Company ("AT&T") and the Justice Department nor the requirements under the Computer II Inquiry of the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") should be considerations in this proceeding. The Commission accepts Bell's reasoning and has considered this case as "business as usual" and has accepted Bell's proposal of the 12 months ending January 31, 1982, as the test period in this matter. We do, however, expect Bell to consider, plan for and fully reveal in its next general rate case the changes in operations and impact on the consumers resulting from the new operating environment.

Valuation Methods

Net Investment

Bell proposed a Kentucky intrastate net investment rate (1) base at January 31, 1982, of \$948,675,000. The Commission has accepted the proposed rate base with several exceptions. Accumulated deferred income taxes of \$119,831,000 and 3 percent unamortized (3) investment tax credits of \$1,109,000 have been deducted from Bell's rate base as both items represent income taxes which have previously been included in Bell's cost of service but will not be paid to the taxing authorities until some future time period. (4) Bell's proposed rate base has been increased by \$437,000 to reflect the amortization of surplus accumulated deferred federal income taxes which will be discussed in a subsequent section of this Order. The Commission has rejected Bell's inclusion of

"cash requirements" of \$2,419,000 and has reduced Bell's rate base by that amount, as local service is billed in advance of (6) service rendered and Bell has provided no substantive evidence to demonstrate its investment or capital needs for funds to support its daily operations. Finally, the Commission has reduced Bell's proposed rate base to reflect increased depreciation on end-of-period plant in service and from the implementation of the equal life group depreciation methodology. These adjustments are \$3,591,000 and \$932,000, respectively.

The Commission has, therefore, determined Bell's Kentucky intrastate net investment rate base at January 31, 1982, to be \$821,230,000, as follows:

| Total Plant In Service Telephone Plant Under Construction Property Held for Future Use Materials and Supplies Subtotal | \$ 1,096,474,000 23,444,000 274,000 9,924,000 \$ 1,130,116,000 |
|--|--|
| Less: | |
| Depreciation Reserve Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes Unamortized Investment Credit - | \$ 188,383,000 119,394,000 |
| Pre JDIC Subtotal | 1,109,000 \$ 308,886,000 |
| Net Investment Rate Base | \$ 821,230,000 |

<u>Capital</u>

Bell reported capital, including unamortized job development investment tax credit ("JDIC"), allocated to Kentucky intrastate operations of \$821,110,000. This allocation is based on the ratio of Bell's proposed Kentucky intrastate net investment

rate base to its total company net investment rate base. As the Commission's determination of the appropriate composition of the Kentucky intrastate net investment rate base differs from Bell's proposal, the allocation of capital also differs. Therefore, the Commission has determined that the appropriate assignment of capital, including JDIC, to Bell's Kentucky intrastate operations (8) is \$816,100,000.

Operating Revenues And Expenses

For the test period ending January 31, 1982, Bell had
(9)
Kentucky intrastate net operating income of \$72,479,000. Bell
proposed several pro forma adjustments to operating income to
normalize the effect of changes occurring during the test period.

These adjustments increased Bell's net operating income to
(10)
\$83,103,000. Moreover, Bell proposed pro forma adjustments
for estimated wage, salary and depreciation expense changes to
occur during 1982, but subsequent to the end of the test period.

These adjustments reduced net operating income to \$75,442,000.

Many of Bell's adjustments were determined using preliminary economic projections and forecasts. At the request of the Commission, Bell modified several of its adjustments to update the preliminary data for known changes. Bell's total modifications increased its adjusted net operating income to \$76,725,000 or an increase of \$1,283,000 as follows:

- a) Communication Workers of America Contract (12) effective August 9, 1981 \$ 21,000
- b) Communication Workers of America (13) Contract Effective August 8, 1982 607,000

The Commission has determined that the appropriate level of net operating income is \$85,921,000, based on expected normal operating conditions.

In its analysis of Bell's operations, the Comission has accepted the majority of Bell's proposed pro forma adjustments, which included the normalization of revenues to reflect the rates prescribed by the Commission in Bell's most recent rate case and adjustments to expenses for test period and expected wage, salary and related employee payroll and benefit increases. Moreover, the Commission has considered the following issues in its analysis of Bell's proposed net operating income:

End-of-Period Methodology

In accordance with past practice, Bell proposed to adjust its test period income to an end-of-period level to match the level of income it could expect to earn given capital investment at January 31, 1982. Bell applied a factor to income which assumed that the number of income producing units at January 31, 1982, was in service during the entire year and that these units earned at the same rate as those actually in existence during the

period. Bell considers the total number of main stations, P.B.X. trunks and Centrex main stations to be the number of income producing units. The factor applied to income represents the end-of-period number of units divided by the average test period (15) number of units.

During cross-examination Bell's Assistant Chief Accountant,
Mr. Ballard, testified that this method does not achieve perfect
(16)
results and that application of the end-of-period factor
could seriously distort the relationship between operating income
(17)
and capitalization. Mr. Ballard moreover responded that no
direct relationship between Bell's income producing units and
toll revenue, wages or depreciation could be quantified.

The Commission is therefore of the opinion that Bell's methodology is inappropriate and should be rejected and has thus increased Bell's adjusted net operating income by \$460,000.

In subsequent adjustments, the Commission has reflected actual volumes at January 31, 1982, in Bell's primary revenue and expense categories.

End-of-Period Salaries, Wages and Wage-Related Expenses

For the test period, Bell expensed approximately (19)
\$117,932,000 in wages and salaries. Bell proposed numerous wage and salary adjustments to normalize increases occurring during the test period. These adjustments resulted in intrastate wage and salary expense of \$124,821,000 prior to increases occurring outside the test period.

At the Commission's request, Bell provided a schedule of salaries and wages expensed based on salary and wage rates and the number of persons employed at January 31, 1982. The Commission accepts this schedule with the exception of the overtime and premium pay factor ("overtime factor") used by Bell in its calculation.

Bell used an overtime factor of 14.47 percent in its calculation of union wage expense. This number was derived and explained as follows:

This factor is based on a study made prior to each contract [Communication Workers of America contract] negotiation and covers four randomly selected weeks out of each quarter for a total of 16 weeks of the study year. The most recent study covered the year 1979 and produced a factor of .1752; however, this was weighted with factors of .1311 and .1278 for years 1978 and 1977, respectively. The average of the three factors equates to the .1447 factor. The use of this method tends to level out fluctuations that occur from month-to-month and/or year-to-year and is more representative than data for one specific period. (22)

The Commission is of the opinion that this outdated information is clearly inappropriate and particularly inconsistent when compared with the direct testimony of Mr. Dickson, Bell's Vice President of Kentucky Operations, which boasts of the reduction (23) in overtime during the test period.

Bell was given numerous opportunities to adjust its overtime factor to reflect test period experience or expected operating conditions. No change was proposed. Thus, the Commission has analyzed overtime to determine an appropriate factor. This analysis has revealed that overtime has indeed steadily decreased from 1979 through April 1982.

The Commission's findings are as follows:

| C COMMITTO TOWN & TYWATHER ATC AT | (24) |
|--|-------------------------------|
| | Overtime Factor % |
| 1979 1980 1981 Test Period | 10.92 7.26 6.37 6.22 |
| January, February, March, April, 1982 | 4.87 |
| | |

The factors cited by Bell for 1977, 1978, and 1979 were based on union wages only. The Commission factors are based on total wages and salaries and are thus not directly comparable to Bell's exhibit; however, the downward trend is apparent. Based on this downward trend, the Commission is of the opinion that the test period overtime factor of 6.22 percent is reasonable and appropriate to use in this proceeding. This factor equates to 9.85 percent on union wages only. Applying the 9.85 percent to the union portion of salaries and wages, the Commission has recalculated total intrastate salaries and wages expense to be \$121,959,000 or an increase in operating income of \$1,453,000.

For the test period, Bell had relief and pensions expense (27) of \$26,624,000. Bell proposed numerous normalization adjustments which increased this expense to \$29,222,000. Relief and pensions expense based on January 31, 1982, wages and salaries annualized was \$28,397,000. The Commission has

therefore increased net operating income by \$318,000 to reflect the appropriate amount of this expense.

Intrastate social security and unemployment compensation (31) taxes ("payroll taxes") for the test period were \$8,075,000.

Bell proposed normalization adjustments which increased payroll (32) taxes to \$8,823,000. Based on January 31, 1982, salaries and (33) wages annualized, payroll taxes were \$8,546,000. Therefore, the Commission has increased adjusted net operating income by (34) \$109,000 to reflect the appropriate level of payroll taxes.

In summary the Commission has increased adjusted operating income by \$1,880,000 for end-of-period salaries, wages and wage-related expenses.

End-of-Period Depreciation Expense

Bell's intrastate depreciation expense based on plant in (35) service at January 31, 1982, was \$67,888,000. Intrastate depreciation expense booked during the test period was \$65,396,000. However, as a result of Bell's represcription process, test period depreciation expense was overstated by \$456,000 for whole life represcription and \$643,000 for remaining life represcription booked during the test period but applicable to periods (37) prior to the test period. Therefore, the Commission has decreased adjusted intrastate net operating income by \$1,823,000 to reflect depreciation applicable to plant in service at January (38) 31, 1982.

End-of-Period Local Service Revenue

Bell reported local service revenue of \$269,276,000 for Bell proposed numerous adjustments to the test period. normalize local service revenue for tariff changes occurring during the test period which increased local service revenue to \$305,033,000. Local service revenue based on units in service at January 31, 1982, was \$303,441,000. The Commission. in examining the support for this figure, found that the directory assistance portion of local service revenue was determined by annualizing directory assistance revenue for the month of January 1982 or revenues of \$1,826,000. Further examination showed directory assistance revenue for January to be abnormally high. Thus, the Commission is of the opinion that actual directory assistance revenue for the test period of \$1,343.000 representative of expected directory assistance local service Consequently, the Commission reduced end-of-period revenue. revenue by \$483,000 to \$302,958,000. Therefore, the Commission decreased adjusted net operating income by \$1,047.000 reflect expected revenue to be derived from the number of revenue producing units in service at January 31, 1982.

End-of-Period Interest During Construction

At January 31, 1982, Bell had construction work in pro(44)
gress ("CWIP") of \$23,444,000, approximately \$10,416,000

of which was long-term CWIP on which interest during construction ("IDC") is applied. As the purpose of IDC is to match cost and benefit, it is unfair to require Bell's ratepayers to pay a

current cash return on plant not used and useful. Therefore, the

Commission has adjusted Bell's actual IDC capitalized during the

(46)

test period of \$775,000 by \$415,000 for total IDC of \$1,190,000

which reflects the application of the overall cost of capital

found fair, just and reasonable herein to the January 31, 1982,

balance in long-term CWIP. This adjustment increases Bell's

adjusted operating income by \$415,000.

Tax Effect of Increased Debt Charges

Bell had Kentucky intrastate debt charges for the test (48) period of approximately \$27,755,000. The amount of debt charges provided for herein is \$33,750,000, a difference of \$5,995,000. The income tax reduction of this differential is approximately \$2,952,000, which the Commission finds is the appropriate adjustment to net operating income.

Institutional Advertising

Under the Commission's regulation (807 KAR 5:016), institutional advertising expenses or expenses for advertising made to strengthen corporate image are not valid expenses for the rate-payer to bear. Bell presented no evidence that its institutional advertising provided benefit to its ratepayers and the Commission (49) has made an adjustment to eliminate these expenses of \$59,606 (50) which increases net operating income by \$30,000.

Lobbying Expenses

In prior cases, the Commission has established its policy regarding lobbying expenses. It is the Commission's opinion that lobbying expenses are of no benefit to a company's ratepayers.

In response to a Commission request, Bell stated that it had two registered lobbyists working during sessions of the Kentucky General Assembly. The lobbyists' primary duties are to monitor prospective legislation and to work with legislators and others to see that legislation reflects the best interests of Bell. Bell, whose total Kentucky intrastate revenues for the test period exceeded \$400 million, reported lobbying expenses of less (51) than \$2,000 for the test period.

At the hearing, the Commission asked Bell to provide an analysis of wages and expenses applicable to its two registered lobbyists. Bell reported these expenditures to be approximately (52) \$107,000. Bell stated that only a fraction of the time of its two registered lobbyists was spent in connection with lobbying activities. However, Bell did not quantify the portion of the \$107,000 associated with duties other than lobbying activities nor did it explain what these duties were. Therefore, as Bell did not meet its burden of proof, the Commission will disallow the entire expenditures applicable to the two lobbyists. This results in an increase in net operating income of \$54,000.

Bell proposed to reduce its net operating income by (54) approximately \$97,000 to reflect miscellaneous income charges as an operating expense for rate-making purposes. The Commission does not recognize these miscellaneous charges as operating expense items and has rejected this adjustment for

rate-making purposes.

Corporate and Community Affairs Expense

In its Order in Case No. 8150, Bell's previous rate case, the Commission found that Bell had failed to justify the need for and cost of certain functions of the Corporate and Community Affairs Department. Moreover, the Commission placed Bell on notice that it was dissatisfied with Bell's responses to requests for information concerning this department and that a detailed analysis of both cost and benefit to the ratepayers would be required in its next rate proceeding.

Despite the Commission's notice and admonition, expenditures of the Corporate and Community Affairs Department continued to grow substantially from \$1,071,000 during the test period in Case No. 8150 to \$1,199,000 during the test period in this case. Moreover, the Commission is of the opinion that Bell provided insufficient documentation of the expenses and the resulting benefit to the ratepayers of this department. fore, the Commission is of the opinion that expenditures found reasonable for the Corporate and Community Affairs Department in Case No. 8150 should be adjusted only for the growth in inflation occurring since the end of the test period in that case. the Commission has determined that the reasonable level of expenditures for this department to be included in Bell's operations a reduction of approximately \$360,000 from the test period level. This reduction results in an increase to net operating income of \$183,000.

Again, the Commission places Bell on notice that this treatment will be afforded the expenditures of the Corporate and Community Affairs Department until Bell satisfactorily complies with the Commission's requirements on page 15 of its Order in Case No. 8150 entered August 11, 1981.

Accelerated Recovery of Excess Tax Deferrals

Effective January 1, 1979, the maximum corporate tax rate was reduced from 48 to 46 percent. This tax rate reduction poses the question of proper accounting of the taxes deferred prior to 1979 at 48 percent which are no longer a future liability.

Mr. Rhodes, witness for Louisville/Jefferson Co. and the AG, recommended that the Commission credit surplus deferred taxes (58) to the cost of service over a 5-year period. Bell had been amortizing the surplus deferred taxes over the composite life of (59) the assets from which the original deferral was generated and considered this approach to be the proper accounting treatment.

As it has done in other recent cases, the Commission will amortize excess deferred taxes over 5 years for rate-making purposes to better insure that the surplus is credited to the ratepayers who originally paid the taxes at 48 percent.

Bell reported surplus deferred federal income taxes at (61)

January 31, 1982, of \$2,186,000. Amortizing this difference over 5 years results in an annual reduction in income tax expense of \$437,000. A corollary adjustment has been made to reduce accumulated deferred taxes to recognize the first year's amortization, thus increasing the rate base as noted earlier in this

Order. In lieu of adjusting Bell's capitalization, the Commission has increased net operating income requirements by \$50,000 to reflect the overall cost of capital found reasonable in this Order. Thus, the net effect of this rate-making treatment for surplus deferred taxes is an increase to net operating (62) income of \$387,000.

Employee Concession Service

In accordance with its findings in Bell's last two rate cases (Case Nos. 8150 and 7774) and other cases, the Commission has adjusted Bell's operating revenues to include the effect of estimated additional revenues available to Bell in the absence of employee discounts on local and intrastate toll service of \$1.325.000 and \$485.000, respectively. The inclusion of these revenues results in an increase to net operating income of \$913,000. Bell challenged this adjustment, maintaining that "it is virtually impossible for an employer to discontinue a benefit of such long standing without compensating its personnel in an amount equal to the benefit received by the employees on an after-tax basis." Even though employee concession service may be regarded as an employee benefit by Bell and its employess, Bell has not demonstrated that the concession service is considered in its wage negotiations with its employees' union nor that it is a factor in management's determination of non-union wages.

Furthermore, Bell did not include concessions of approxi(66)
mately \$221,460 provided employees of other telephone companies

for local and intrastate toll service accounted for in test period operating expenses. During cross-examination, Mr. Ballard stated that the only difference between concessions offered its own employees and concessions offered employees of other telephone companies is accounting treatment. The Commission is of the opinion that expenses incurred by Bell in granting concessions to employees of other telephone companies are improper for ratepayers to bear. Therefore, the Commission has increased adjusted net operating income by \$112,000.

License Contract Expenses

During the test period in Case No. 8150, Bell had license contract expenses of \$8,042,000. During the test period in this case, 13 months later, Bell incurred license contract expenses of \$8,460,000.

In its Order in Case No. 8150, entered August 11, 1981, the Commission discussed Bell's license contract and its burden of proof in its next rate proceeding as follows:

Mr. Rhodes also proposed a reduction of approximately \$3,000,000 to Bell's test year expenses billed under its license contract agreement with its parent company, American Telephone and Telegraph Company, Inc. ("AT&T"). Mr. Rhodes' concern and the basis for his adjustment was that AT&T's costs have been accelerating at a much faster than average growth rate both in terms of historical real growth and inflationary growth, since 1974. Prior to 1974, AT&T charged each operating subsidiary a flat one percent of its gross revenues for the centralized administrative and research services provided under the From October 1974 to the present, contract. AT&T has billed each subsidiary its allocated share of the costs under the license contract.

Bell challenged Mr. Rhodes on this issue on the basis that "Mr. Rhodes made no studies concerning the benefits South Central receives under the Contract, the availability of these services from other suppliers, or the cost to South Central of attempting to perform these activities in-house." Moreover, Bell, through its various witnesses, attempted to show, as it describes in its brief, that it gets its money's worth on the services furnished pursuant to the License Contract.

The Commission will not accept Mr. Rhodes' adjustment at this time. However, the Commission is concerned with the rapid acceleration in the license contract expense. In short, the Commission serves notice to Bell that in future rate proceedings, as the burden of proof lies with the company and not the intervenor, it expects to see studies and analyses of the specific contract costs that show tangible evidence of both the necessity to the Kentucky ratepayer of the services provided under the license contract and the reasonableness and tangible cost-benefit relationship of these individual expenses. (Emphasis added, footnotes omitted.) (69)

The Commission has carefully examined Bell's testimony and exhibits filed to comply with the Commission's notice and is of the opinion that Bell has failed to meet the requirements established above.

of the over 600 services provided through the license contract, Bell selected only 7 items for which it provided evidence of the necessity to the Kentucky ratepayer and the (70) reasonableness and tangible cost-benefit relationship. This very limited analysis meets neither the requirements nor the intent of the Commission's notice. Moreover, the "value study" prepared by Bell to prove its internal use of the individual license contract items is, in the Commission's opinion, at best

an inadequate management control procedure. The value study is distributed annually to Bell employees who are asked to state whether they used license contract services. No documentation of use of license contract services is required, nor are the employees asked to state the frequency of use, any duplication of Bell's internal services, the relative benefits derived or any other proof of "tangible" value. The Commission is concerned that a company with the resources and expertise of Bell would rely for management control on nebulous responses regarding services that in Kentucky alone cost more than \$8 million dollars during the test period without some additional controls or verification procedures to justify the study results. The Commission must conclude that this results from the relationship between Bell and its parent and provider of the services, AT&T.

The Commission is of the opinion that Bell has failed to meet its burden of proof regarding its test period license contract expenses and we have therefore denied all such expenses.

This will increase Bell's net operating income by \$4,294,000.

Wage Contract Changes Effective August 8, 1982

As discussed earlier in this Order, the Commission rejected Bell's use of an overtime factor of 14.47 percent and substituted the test period factor of 9.85 percent. Correspondingly, the Commission has adjusted Bell's proposed wage contract changes effective August 8, 1982, to reflect the 9.85 percent overtime factor. This results in an increase in Bell's adjusted net operating income of \$136,000.

Equal Life Group Depreciation

Bell proposed to reflect the implementation of equal life group depreciation ("ELG") for outside plant and central office equipment during 1982 which reduced its adjusted net operating income by \$626,000. The Commission takes notice of correspondence dated May 6 and August 13, 1982, between the FCC and Bell regarding these proposed depreciation changes.

In its letter of May 6, the FCC permitted Bell to apply ELG rates on outside plant on an interim basis which would increase depreciation expense by \$318,000 annually. However, the FCC further stated that absent additional convincing material, it would likely deny Bell's request for prescription of ELG rates for aerial wire of \$42,000, a net increase of \$276,000. This represents a reduction of \$110,000 from the level proposed in this case. Further, in its letter of August 13 regarding the implementation of ELG depreciation rates on central office equipment, the FCC approved an annual charge for depreciation on central office equipment of \$1,338,000, a reduction of \$400,000 from the level proposed in this case. Thus, the Commission has increased [73] Bell's proposed net operating income by \$44,000 and \$109,000 respectively, to reflect the FCC's changes.

Rate of Return

Capital Structure

Bell proposed and the Commission has accepted the theoretical capital structure of 55 percent equity and 45 percent debt. This capital structure is the objective or target structure set by

management and reflects Bell's affiliation with the AT&T system. Mr. Langsam and Dr. Johnson, witnesses for the DOD and the AG respectively, argued that use of the proposed objective capital structure would be unduly expensive for ratepayers. Langsam stated that as long as the cost of equity is higher than the embedded cost of debt, a capital structure that contains more equity than necessary will not result in rates at the lowest possible level consistent with maintaining confidence in the company's financial integrity and allowing it to attract capital (76)at reasonable terms and conditions. Dr. Johnson stated that the objective capital structure provided less leverage than is normal for public utilities. An unusually low degree of leverage results in a higher overall cost of capital and a higher because interest on fixed-income level of income tax expense securities is tax deductible. The Commission has recognized that a 55 percent equity ratio is conservative for a utility and contains comparatively less financial risk than a capital structure employing a higher level of debt. Therefore, the Commission has given due consideration to the lower level of financial risk in its determination of the allowed return on common equity. Cost of Debt

The embedded cost of long-term debt at January 31, 1982, (79)
was 8.66 percent. Bell proposed to adjust its embedded cost to reflect a \$150 million bond issue scheduled for 1982 and a forecasted balance of \$300 million of short-term debt. Bell's

Vice President of Revenue Requirements, Mr. Matheson, stated that Bell would not be issuing any new long-term debt but would increase its use of short-term debt. However, Mr. Matheson did not quantify this additional amount of short-term debt. other than to say his guess was that short-term money use would far exceed his \$300 million estimate. Therefore, the Commission is of the opinion that the requested debt cost adjustment in the amount of \$450 million should be rejected because it is neither known nor measurable. Instead of the forecasted amount of shortterm debt, the Commission will use the amount outstanding at the end of the test period. \$315.6 million, in determining the appropriate level of short-term debt to be included in the capital structure.

Mr. Matheson used a range of short-term rates, from 12

percent to 18 percent, to calculate Bell's overall cost of (84)

debt. Mr. Langsam and Dr. Johnson recommended short-term (85) (86)

debt cost rates of 14.92 percent and 14 percent, respectively.

The Commission is of the opinion that a short-term debt cost of 13.5 percent is reasonable in that it is within the range of the witnesses' recommendations and reflects the average of the past 12 months' interest rates on 90-day commercial paper of 13.43 (87)

percent.

Therefore, the Commission finds that an overall debt cost of 9.19 percent, which is based on an 8.66 percent cost of long-term debt, a 13.5 percent cost of short-term debt and actual end-of-period proportions of short and long-term debt, is fair, just and reasonable.

Cost of Equity

Bell had three witnesses who presented testimony on rate of return on common equity. These witnesses were Mr. Matheson, Mr. Todd, the President of Todd Investment Advisors, an investment counseling firm, and Mr. Prior, Vice President in the utility corporate finance department of Kidder, Peabody and Company, Inc. Mr. Todd and Mr. Matheson proposed rates of return on common equity in the range of 16 percent to 18 percent. Mr. Prior (89) also testified in favor of this requested range. Dr. Johnson recommended a rate of return on common equity in the range of based on Bell's actual end-of-11.65 percent to 14.51 percent period capital structure while Mr. Langsam recommended a range of returns of 13.5 percent to 15 percent based on a capital structure with 50 percent equity. Having reviewed the testimony of the witnesses and taken notice of current conditions in financial markets, the Commission is of the opinion that a range of returns on equity of 12.5 percent to 14 percent is fair, just and The Commission has determined that a return on reasonable. equity in this range would not only allow Bell to attract capital at reasonable costs to insure continued service and provide for necessary expansion to meet future requirements, but would also provide for the lowest possible cost to the ratepayer. Within this range of returns, the Commission finds that a return on common equity of 13.25 percent will allow Bell to meet its operating expenses and best attain the aforementioned objectives. This return will be used to determine the appropriate level of revenue requirements.

Rate of Return Summary

Applying a cost of common equity of 13.25 percent to the equity component and a 9.19 percent cost of debt to the debt component approved herein produces a weighted cost of capital of 11.42 percent. This cost of capital then produces a rate of return on Bell's net investment rate base of 11.35 percent, which the Commission finds is fair, just and reasonable compensation for the service Bell renders to its customers.

Net Profit Margin Formula

Concerned Citizens and Businessmen of Central Kentucky, Inc., submitted testimony from its president, Mr. Don Wiggins, in this proceeding. The purpose of Mr. Wiggins' testimony was to present an alternative rate-making method, "the net profit margin formula," for the Commission to use in the determination of revenue requirements in lieu of its traditional method employing a return on net investment.

Mr. Wiggins stated that in his opinion the traditional rate-making formula does not provide incentive for a company to save money, cut expenses, or manage more efficiently. Mr. Wiggins proposed that the Commission adopt the net profit margin formula but did not specify a particular net profit margin nor a range of net profit margins he considered appropriate for Bell. He also proposed that in the future the net profit margin formula be used in the establishment of rates for all utilities with gross revenues in excess of \$30 million. To implement his proposal, a committee should be established to select at least 32 and not more than 48

U.S. corporations from different competitive industries. The Commission would then use the average net profit margin of those selected corporations to determine revenue requirements and establish rates. Mr. Wiggins made a comparison between Bell's 1981 net profit margin and the average net profit margin of 15 U.S. corporations selected at random from Value Line Investment Survey. Bell's net profit margin for 1981 was approximately 13 percent. The average of the 15 U.S. corporations was 5.4 percent. It is on this basis alone that he claims Bell's revenues are too high.

Pursuant to KRS 278.290, the Commission has no objection to any valuation method or procedure that produces fair, just and reasonable results. However, Mr. Wiggins' proposal to use the average net profit margin of a variety of companies in different industries is inappropriate and would likely produce confiscatory rates that would jeopardize utility operations.

The utility industry is a highly capital-intensive industry, which means that large investments in plant are required to build a combination of assets necessary to provide service. This can be measured by a financial ratio termed "sales to assets turnover" which in a capital-intensive company is, by definition, very low and is not present to the same degree in the majority of other industries from which Mr. Wiggins states comparisons should be drawn. For example, the 1981 sales to assets turnover ratios for the following two utilities and two of Mr. Wiggins' comparison companies are as follows:

Sales/Assets

| Bell | | . 42 |
|----------|----------------|------|
| American | Electric Power | .36 |
| Reynolds | Industries | 1.44 |
| Armco | | 1.45 |

This clearly shows that inter-industry comparisons can produce wide variations. Therefore, Mr. Wiggins' proposal is inappropriate without further financial analysis including a review of capital, the sources of capital and the associated risk, especially the risk of equity capital.

Bell earned 12.4 percent return on equity in 1981. The average 1981 return on equity earned by the 15 corporations used in Mr. Wiggins' analysis, calculated from the March 15, 1982, Business Week survey, was 14 percent. Had the regulatory commissions reduced Bell's net profit margin to 5.4 percent, Bell would have earned a return on equity of approximately 5 percent. We believe this return is inadequate on its face. Obviously, this situation, if continued over a period of time, would be detrimental to the ratepayer and would result in higher rates as the risk of utility operations increases.

The Commission, as it has expressed on many occasions, is gravely concerned with increasing utility bills, utility management efficiency and appropriate utility performance incentives and agrees with Mr. Wiggins' concerns. However, the Commission is of the opinion that its traditional methods serve the public interest better than Mr. Wiggins' proposed use of the net profit margin formula.

Authorized Increase

The additional revenue required, based on the rate of return found fair herein, is \$14,473,000, determined as follows:

Adjusted Net Operating Income \$85,921,000
Net Operating Income Found
Reasonable
Deficiency \$3,223,000
\$7,302,000

Deficiency Adjusted for Taxes and Uncollectibles

\$14,473,000

Repression

The Commission has addressed the issue of repression in several cases involving both electric and telephone utilities.

In this case, Bell seeks a \$6.43 million adjustment to its revenues. The adjustment combines the effects of repression and the resulting cost savings. The Commission has determined that a repression adjustment in this case, and in general, is inappropriate.

In an inflationary period, all firms, regulated and unregulated, face the dilemma of whether to raise prices and risk losing sales or to maintain prices and squeeze costs to maintain profit margins. The Commission sees no reason to transfer this risk from a company's stockholders to its ratepayers, which the allowance of the repression adjustment would do. This risk should be borne by the stockholders. Prudent management should protect stockholders by maintaining prices as low as possible and squeezing costs rather than seeking additional revenues from this Commission to protect stockholders from this risk. Therefore,

the repression adjustment of \$6.43 million in additional revenues requested by Bell has not been allowed.

Rate Design

The Flat Rate Schedule

The major rate design issue in this case concerned Bell's proposal to restructure the basic local exchange service flat rate schedule from the 17 rate groups to 2 rate groups. Bell's proposal would assign the Louisville exchange to one rate group and all other exchanges in the Commonwealth to another rate group. Exchanges are assigned to rate groups on the basis of the total number of main station lines and trunk equivalents.

Bell submitted an access line cost study which purported to support its proposal to restructure the flat rate schedule. The study was based on a random sample of 1,200 access lines in Bell's service area. Study results were developed on the basis of wire center size and base rate area location, neither of which is directly related to the current or proposed exchange rate schedule. The study could be used to support a schedule with virtually any combination of rate groups. Although some information was available on a rate group basis, other critical information was not, such as the local loop cost, which is the most significant and variable cost component of telephone service. Furthermore, the study tends to overstate cost of service as a result of the inclusion of outside base rate area mileage-sensitive costs and the failure to allocate joint service costs.

The impact on individual exchanges under Bell's proposal was extremely uneven. For example, residence individual line increases ranged from 35 percent in Louisville to 72 percent in areas such as Bardstown, Danville, and Georgetown while the comparable business individual line increases ranged from 17 percent to 71 percent.

After careful consideration, the Commission is of the opinion that the proposed restructuring of basic local exchange service is not in the public interest and should be denied. The access line cost study is inadequate to support the proposal and the significant impact on individual exchanges, and ultimately customers, is unacceptable. Certain intervenors were also critical of the study but failed to justify the costs of any alternative proposal. Therefore, the Commission will require Bell to continue to use the current basic local exchange service rate schedule until it furnishes an acceptable exchange cost study and presents a proposal which will have a more gradual and equitable impact on the customers.

Local Measured Service

Bell made several proposals concerning local measured service. First, Bell proposed to introduce a low-use measured service option at 50 percent of the applicable residence individual line rate. The Commission, in Case No. 8510, the Optional Measured Service Tariff Filing of Cincinnati Bell, Inc., approved a similar low-use measured service option and is of the opinion that Bell's proposal in this case should be allowed.

Bell also proposed changes in its standard measured service option. The standard measured service rate is currently 75 percent of the applicable residence or business individual line rate. Bell proposed to reduce the rate relationship to 65 percent in order to encourage customer participation. The Commission is of the opinion that the change should not be allowed. Customer acceptance of standard measured service has steadily increased since it was introduced in 1980 and is accelerating, which suggests a satisfactory rate relationship. The change would result in a revenue shortfall and increased variation in usage-sensitive revenue. Bell did not provide adequate evidence on either revenue issue.

In addition, Bell proposed to increase the usage allowance available to standard measured service customers. In order to avoid creating an undue economic incentive for customers to move to low-use measured service, the residence usage allowance has been increased from \$3.00 to \$4.50 per month. Since low-use measured service is not available to business customers, the business usage allowance is maintained at \$7.50 per month.

The Commission initially authorized Bell's local measured service tariff as an experiment in Case No. 7871, the Measured Service Rate Tariff Filing of South Central Bell Telephone Company. The offering was at first restricted to Frankfort, but has been gradually extended to a total of 18 exchanges. Since introducing measured service, Bell has furnished monthly reports documenting the number of measured service customers and comparative flat rate and measured service revenue. Measured

service can result in a revenue shortfall relative to flat rate service. Bell has taken the position that the revenue shortfall should be allocated to basic local exchange service users in general. At the present time, the revenue shortfall is insignificant, but evidence indicates that it will substantially increase in the future. The Commission will continue to monitor Bell's experiment, paying special attention to the revenue shortfall question.

Telephone Answering Service

Bell proposed rate adjustments to telephone answering service averaging about 10 percent. KTASC objected to the increases in the area of service and channel rates.

The Commission acknowledges that channel service users experienced sizable rate increases as a result of the private (93) line repricing approved in other cases. However, the Commission estimates that on the basis of current rates, channel services yield a contribution to basic local exchange service of approximately 3.25 percent, and that rates authorized in this case will increase the contribution to approximately 8.75 percent. The Commission is of the opinion that such a contribution is reasonable and not unduly burdensome.

The Commission rejects KTASC's argument concerning the proposed rates applicable to service order and installation charges. The service order charge applies in connection with the receiving, recording, and processing of customer service requests. It is not related to service connection activity, but

instead to administrative and clerical activity associated with service connection. Installation charges apply in connection with central office and other activity required to physically complete a service connection. Furthermore, the Commission has long encouraged multi-element service charges and does not intend to alter its policy. The Commission is of the opinion that the proposed service and installation charges are reasonable and should be allowed.

Centrex

Bell proposed rate adjustments to Centrex service. Finance objected to the rate adjustments and made certain recommendations concerning rate design. As a result of the Commission's decision to authorize no increase in basic local exchange service rates, Centrex access line rates will not increase.

Non-Exchange Related Adjustments

Bell proposed various rate adjustments to non-exchange related services. In general, the Commission has accepted Bell's adjustments with modifications to assure that all rate elements increase at least 10 percent. This treatment has been applied to customer premises equipment, zone charges, service charges, telephone answering service, foreign exchange service, miscellaneous service (including custom calling service), auxiliary equipment (including jack equipment), obsolete service offerings, and private line channels and equipment.

The Commission is of the opinion that Bell cannot continue to contend that all of its expenses are subject to inflation and

are continuing to rise, yet fail to reflect such inflationary impact in all its rates. The Commission will authorize 10 percent increases in all of Bell's non-related exchange service, with the exception of telephone sets and adjuncts, to recognize general inflationary increases occurring during the test year. Telephone sets and adjuncts have been increased 15 percent.

Bell did not propose a rate adjustment to customer premises products. Bell argued that rates for terminal equipment are well above cost and generate a significant contribution to basic local exchange service, and that an increase in rates might cause customer erosion resulting in a loss of revenue. Intervenors objected to exempting terminal equipment from a rate increase.

The Commission does not dispute Bell's argument that terminal equipment provides a contribution to basic local exchange service. At the same time, the Commission agrees with intervenors that terminal equipment should not be exempted from a rate increase in this case.

The Commission is of the opinion that an across-the-board adjustment of 10 percent should be applied to all customer premises products. The adjustment reflects the trend of inflation and is the minimum acceptable increase. The adjustment should be applied to all rate elements contained in the Customer Premises Products Tariff and related rate elements contained in the General Subscriber Services Tariff, including terminal equipment tariffed under two-ties and variable term payment plans, and non-recurring charges, as specified in Appendix B.

In addition to rate adjustments, Bell proposed a change in regulations governing suspension of semi-public coin telephone service and a new regulation governing suspension of service involving terminal equipment. The Commission is of the opinion that these regulations are reasonable and should be approved.

Bell also proposed new charges applicable to unrecovered telephone equipment. The unrecovered telephone equipment charge should encourage the return of telephone equipment at the time service is discontinued and, thus, benefit all Bell customers through cost savings. Therefore, the Commission is of the opinion that the unrecovered telephone equipment charge should be allowed. Exchange and Related Adjustments

The Commission has determined that Bell's revenue requirement can be achieved without an increase in basic local exchange service rates. However, as a result of the changes discussed below some additional revenue is realized from exchange-related services.

Bell proposed to increase message rate grouping service from 15 percent to 30 percent of the applicable business individual line message rate. The Commission is of the opinion that this change should be allowed, since other grouping service is 55 percent of applicable business individual line rates. Furthermore, the Commission serves notice to Bell that message rate grouping service should be adjusted to the 55 percent level in the future.

Bell also proposed to introduce a charge for toll terminal service, which has been historically provided at no charge. The Commission is of the opinion that this charge should be allowed.

Finally, Bell proposed a change in regulations governing suspension of Centrex dormitory service. The Commission is of the opinion that the change is reasonable and should be allowed.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

During the course of this proceeding specific difficulties have been encountered by the AG and the Commission in obtaining timely and adequate responses to requests for information from Bell. For example, the Commission's entire Data Request No. 1B had to be renewed so as to elicit an intelligible response from Bell, and the AG experienced considerable delays in obtaining cost studies. These failures to timely and adequately respond have the effect of providing the AG and the Commission less than a full opportunity to cross-examine Bell's witnesses and test Bell's supporting documentation. The Commission seeks the cooperation of Bell in future rate cases in providing timely and adequate responses to requests for information. Failure to respond may require the Commission to seek a lengthening of the statutory suspension period from the General Assembly to insure that effective discovery and a fair hearing can be had by all the parties to our proceedings.

FINDINGS AND ORDER

The Commission, after consideration of the evidence of record and being advised, finds that:

- 1. The rates proposed by Bell would produce revenues in excess of the revenues found reasonable herein and should be denied upon application of KRS 278.030.
- 2. Bell's proposal to restructure basic local exchange service was not supported by adequate cost information and is not in the public interest because of its unreasonable impact on the ratepayers. Therefore, the proposal should be denied.
- 3. Bell's proposals concerning standard measured service rates and usage allowances are not in the public interest due to uncertain revenue effects and inappropriate rate design. Therefore, the proposals should be denied, except as modified by the Commission.
- 4. Bell's proposal to introduce low-use measured service is reasonable, on the basis of past Commission action, and should be approved.
- 5. Bell's proposals concerning cost-based and inflationtype adjustments to non-exchange related rates are reasonable and
 in the public interest, and should be approved, as modified by
 the Commission. However, the Commission is of the opinion that
 excluding customer premises products from rate adjustments is
 unreasonable and not in the public interest. Therefore, the
 Commission should require a rate adjustment to customer premises
 products.
- 6. Bell's proposal to adjust basic local exchange service rates is unreasonable and not in the public interest. On the

basis of adjustments to non-exchange related and miscellaneous exchange related rates, the Commission finds that no adjustment to basic local exchange service is necessary and Bell's proposal should be denied.

7. The rates and charges in Appendices A and B are the fair, just and reasonable rates and charges for Bell to charge its customers in rendering telephone service.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the proposed rates and charges in Bell's notice of April 23, 1982, be and they hereby are denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Bell's proposal to restructure basic local exchange service be and it hereby is denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Bell's proposals concerning standard measured service be and they hereby are denied, except as modified and stated in Appendix A.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Bell's proposal to introduce low-use measured service be and it hereby is approved.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Bell's proposal to adjust non-exchange related rates be and it hereby is approved, as modified by the Commission and stated in Appendix A, and including customer premises products as stated in Appendix B.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Bell's proposal to adjust basic local exchange service rates be and it hereby is denied. However, adjustments to miscellaneous exchange related rates are approved as stated in Appendix A.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that within 20 days from the date of this Order Bell shall file revised tariffs with the Commission

stating the rates, rules and regulations contained in Appendix A, which will produce additional annualized revenue in the amount of \$9,838,000 plus inter-company settlements.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that within 20 days from the date of this Order Bell shall file revised tariffs with the Commission implementing a 10 percent across-the-board increase to customer premises products, as specified in Appendix B, which will produce additional annualized revenue in the amount of \$4,635,000.

Done at Frankfort, Kentucky, this 13th day of October, 1982.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Chairman

Katherine Randall

Vice Chairman

Limitaryan

Commissioner

ATTEST:

Secretary

FOOTNOTES

- (1) Ballard Exhibit 1.
- (2) Ballard Appendix, sheet 3.
- (3) Ibid.
- (4) Rhodes Exhibit SFR, Schedule 13.
- (5) Ballard Exhibit 1.
- (6) Transcript of Evidence, Volume 1, August 23, 1982, page 224.
- (7) Ballard direct testimony, page 14.
- (8) Ballard Appendix, sheet 3.
- (9) Ballard Exhibit 2.
- (10) Ballard Exhibit 4.
- (11) Ballard Exhibit 3.
- (12) Difference between response to Staff Request No. 2, Item 4, sheet 3, and Ballard Exhibit 3, I, A.
- (13) Difference between response to Staff Request No. 2, Item 8, sheet 2, and Ballard Exhibit 3, II, B.
- (14) Difference between response to Staff Request No. 2, Item 7, sheet 2, and Ballard Exhibit 3, II, A; and difference between response to information filed September 24, 1982, Item 3, sheet 2, and Ballard Exhibit 3, II, A.
- (15) Ballard Exhibit 4.
- (16) Transcript of Evidence, Volume I, August 23, 1982, page 233.
- (17) Ibid., page 234.
- (18) Difference between lines 3 and 4 of Ballard Exhibit 4.
- (19) $$159,734,000 \times .7383 = $117,932,000.$
- (20) Response to Oral Request, Item 3(a), sheet 2, filed September 10, 1982.

- (21) Ibid.
- (22) Response to information filed September 24, 1982, Item 1, sheet 1.
- (23) Dickson direct testimony, page 9.
- (24) Calculated from:
 Response to First Joint Request of Louisville/Jefferson Co.
 and the AG, Items K-9 and K-10.
- (25) Response to information filed September 10, 1982, Item 3, sheet 2; 6.22% : [\$8,862,000 : (\$5,166,000 + \$8,862,000)] = 9.85%.
- (26) $$124,821,000 $121,959,000 = $2,862,000 \times 50.76\% = $1,453,000.$
- (27) Ballard Exhibit 2.
- (28) Response to Oral Request, Item 1, sheet 2, filed September 24, 1982.
- (29) Ibid.
- (30) $$29,222,000 $28,397,000 = $825,000 \div .8016 = $1,029,000$ X (.8016 - .4924) = \$318,000.
- (31) Ballard Exhibit 2.
- (32) Response to Oral Request, Item 1, sheet 3, filed September 24, 1982.
- (33) Ibid., page 2.
- (34) $\$8,823,000 \$8,546,000 = \$227,000 \div .8103 = \$342,000 x (.8103 .4924) = $109,000.$
- (35) Response to Oral Request, Item 3(c), sheet 4, filed September 10, 1982.
- (36) Ballard Exhibit 2.

- (37) Response to Staff Request No. 1, Item 8, sheets 26 and 27.
- (38) \$67,888,000 \$64,297,000 = \$3,591,000 X .5076 = \$1,823,000.
- (39) Ballard Exhibit 2.
- (40) Response to Oral Request, Item 3, sheet 3, filed September 10, 1982.
- (41) Ibid.
- (42) Response to First Joint Request of Louisville/Jefferson Co. and the AG, Item K-29.
- $\$305,033,000 \$302,958,000 = \$2,075,000 \times .504553 = \$1,047,000.$
- (44) Ballard Exhibit 1.
- (45) $$23,444,000 \times 44.4274\% = $10,416,000.$
- (46) Ballard Exhibit 2.
- (47) $$10,416,000 \times 11.42\% = $1,190,000.$
- (48) Bell interest on long-term debt \$226,272,000

 Bell interest on short-term debt 44,741,000

 Bell total applicable interest \$271,013,000

 Kentucky-Intrastate Factor 10.2411%

 Kentucky-Intrastate Interest \$27,755,000
- (49) Response to Staff Request No. 1, Item 16A, sheet 2.
- (50) \$59,604 X .5076 = \$30,000.
- (51) Response to Staff Request No. 1, Item 17.
- (52) Response to Oral Request, Item 2, filed September 24, 1982.
- (53) $$107,000 \times .5076 = $54,000.$

- (54) \$191,000 X .5076 = \$97,000.
- (55) Response to Staff Request No. 1, Item 35, sheet 3.
- (56) $$769,000 \times 1.0905 = $839,000.$
- (57) \$360,000 x .5076 = \$183,000.
- (58) Rhodes direct testimony, page 53.
- (59) Brief of Bell, page 25.
- (60) Case No. 8428, Continental Telephone Co., Case No. 8429, Kentucky Power Co., Orders entered June 18, 1982.
- (61) Difference between responses to First Joint Request of
 Louisville/Jefferson Co. and the AG, Items K-31 and K-32.
- (62) \$2,186,000 ÷ 5 years = \$437,000 (\$437,000 X 11.427) = \$387,000.
- (63) Ballard direct testimony, page 6.
- (64) $\$1.325.000 + \$485.000 = \$1.810.000 \times .504553 = \913.000 .
- (65) Brief of Bell. page 20.
- (66) Response to Staff Request No. 1, Item 22.
- (67) Transcript of Evidence, Volume 1, August 23, 1982, page 228.
- (68) $$221.460 \times 50.76\% = $112,000.$
- (69) Order, Case No. 8150, entered August 11, 1982, pages 9 and 10.
- (70) Transcript of Evidence, Volume II, August 24, 1982, page 145.
- (71) $\$8,460,000 \times 50.76 = \$4,294,000.$
- (72) \$3,178,000 \$3,042,000 $\cdot \cdot$ \$136,000.
- (73) $$110,000 \times 78.7915\% \times .5076 = $44,000.$
- (74) \$400,000 X 53.4540% X .5076 = \$109,000.
- (75) Langsam direct testimony, page 13 and Johnson Appendix III, pages 21 and 22.

- (76) Langsam direct testimony, pages 13 and 14.
- (77) Johnson Appendix III, page 21.
- (78) Ibid., page 20.
- (79) Response to Staff Request No. 1, Item 3B, sheet 3.
- (80) Response to the AG's Interrogatories, Second Set, Item 21, and Transcript of Evidence, Volume III, August 25, 1982, pages 208 and 209.
- (81) Transcript of Evidence, Volume III, August 25, 1982, page 209.
- (82) Ibid.
- (83) Matheson direct testimony, page 17.
- (84) Matheson Exhibit, page 3.
- (85) Langsam direct testimony, page 24a, Table B (revised).
- (86) Johnson Exhibit, Schedule 45, pages 1 and 2.
- (87) Average of monthly rates for 12 months ended August 1982, Federal Reserve Statistical Release.
- (88) Matheson direct testimony, page 33, and Todd direct testimony, page 21.
- (89) Prior direct testimony, page 25.
- (90) Johnson direct testimony, page 44.
- (91) Langsam direct testimony, page 12.
- $(92) \quad \$7,302,000 \div 50.4553\% = \$14,473,000.$
- (93) Case Nos. 7314, 7774 and 8150, South Central Bell rate cases.

APPENDIX A

APPENDIX TO AN ORDER OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION IN CASE NO. 8467 DATED OCTOBER 13, 1982.

The following rates and charges are prescribed for the customers in the area served by South Central Bell Telephone Company in Kentucky. All other rates and charges not specifically mentioned herein shall remain the same as those in effect under authority of the Commission prior to the date of this Order.

A2.3.15 Suspension of Business and Residence Service (General Subscriber Services Tariff)

The charge for temporary suspension of Centrex exchange access, SSX-1 network access registers, and PBX trunks is 50% of the rates regularly charged. Centrex dormitory main station number access will be suspended at 50% of the rate for a residence individual flat rate line for the exchange involved. Semipublic coin telephone service may be suspended with no reduction in the full monthly rate, for a period not exceeding sixty days.

A3 BASIC LOCAL EXCHANGE SERVICES

A3.1 General

Rates for flat and measured rate local exchange services vary among exchanges depending upon the number of main station lines (including Centrex main station lines, except as provided following, and ESSX-1 main station lines) and PBX trunks (including trunks providing Centrex service to U.S. Government-owned systems serving certified military bases) in the local calling scope of each exchange.

A3.2.2 Measured Rate Schedule

Measured service monthly rates shall be as follows:

Low-use Measured Service 50% of the applicable residence individual line flat rate. Standard Measured Service 75% of the applicable residence or business individual line flat rate.

Measured service monthly usage allowance shall be as follows:

| Low-use Measured Service Standard Measured Service | None |
|--|--------------------|
| Residential Business | \$ 4.50 \$ 7.50 |
| A3.3 Zone Charges for Local Exchange Service Outside the Base Rate Area | |
| In addition to the basic rate for service, the following zone charges apply in all exchanges or Locality Rate Areas in connection with any such service located outside Base Rate Areas (BRA): | |
| | Monthly Rate |
| (1) Up to and including one mile from the BRA boundary, or Geographic Zone A, as appropriate: | |
| Indvidual Line or PBX Trunk, each Two-Party Line, each main station | \$ 1.95 1.15 |
| (2) Beyond one mile up to and including two miles from the BRA boundary, or Geographic Zone B, as appropriate: | |
| Individual Line or PBX Trunk, each Two-Party Line, each main station | \$ 3.90 2.30 |
| (3) Beyond two miles up to and including four miles from the BRA boundary, or Geographic Zone C, as appropriate: | |
| Individual Line or PBX Trunk, each Two-Party Line, each main station | \$ 7.80 4.60 |
| (4) Beyond four miles up to and including seven miles from the BRA boundary: | |
| Individual Line or PBX Trunk, each Two-Party Line, each main station | \$13.65 8.10 |
| (5) Beyond seven miles from the BRA boundary: | |
| Individual Line or PBX Trunk, each Two-Party Line, each main station | \$19.50 8.10 |

Monthly Rate

Grouping Service (A3.11 & A3.15)

| Business Flat Rate Grouped Lines or Trunks, each | 55% of Bus. Ind. Line Plat Rate |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Residence Flat Rate Grouped Trunks, each | 55% of Res. Ind. Line Flat Rate |
| Business Measured Rate Grouped Lines, each | 55% of Bus. Ind. Line Plat Rate |
| Business Measured Rate Grouped Trunks, each | 55% of Bus. Ind. Line Flat Rate |
| Residence Measured Rate Grouped Trunks, each | 55% of Res. Ind. Line Flat Rate |
| Business Message Rate Grouped Lines, each | 30% of Bus. Ind. Line Message Rate |
| Message Rate Grouped Trunks, each | 30% of Message Rate First Trunk Rate |

| A4 Service Charges | Nonrecurring Charge |
|---|---|
| Service Order with Premises Visit Key, PBX, ESSX-1, Centrex | \$41.50 |
| Service Order without Premises Visit Residence | 17.00 |
| Business Nonkey, Key, PBX, ESSX-1, Centrex | 23.50 |
| Record Type Orders | |
| Residence | 12.00 |
| Business Nonkey, Key, PBX, ESSX-1, Centrex | 19.00 |
| Central Office Line Connection | |
| Residence | 24.00 |
| Business Nonkey, Key, PBX, ESSX-1, Centrex | 27.00 |
| Station Handling | |
| Key, PBX, ESSX-1, Centrex | 7.25 |
| Number Changes | 7.00 |
| Maintenance of Service Charge - Customer-Provided Equipment Key, PBX, ESSX-1, Centrex | Premises Work Charge for Simple Business |

| | | Nonrecurring Charge |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| A4 Service Charges (Cont'd) | | |
| Premises Work Charge Residence - First 15 minute increment - Each additional 15 minute increment Simple Business - First 15 minute increment - Each additional 15 minute increment | | \$33.75 9.25 43.25 10.50 |
| For changes in associated equipment due only to a a Touch-Tone line to rotary dial line, service changely, as appropriate | | |
|) - | nstallation Charge | Monthly Rate |
| A8 Telephone Answering Service Facilities | | |
| Concentrator-Identifier Arrangement Channels | | |
| Intraexchange Concentrate-identifier unit equipped for 40 lines and 2 trunks to 100 lines and 6 trunks - | | |
| Concentrator Identifier | \$ 308.00 1,083.50 | \$313.50 121.00 |
| Interexchange Concentrator-identifier unit equipped for 40 lines and 2 trunks to 100 lines and 6 trunks | · | |
| Concentrator Identifier | \$ 308.00 | \$313.50 121.00 |
| identifier | 1,083.50 | 121.00 |
| Interexchange - Channel lst mile Each additional mile or fraction Interoffice Channel - lst ½ mile Each additional mile or fraction Local Channel Type 2007, each | 332.30 | 45.65 2.20 10.00 .45 19.55 |
| Intraexchange - Interoffice Channel - lst ½ mile | 332.30 | 21.25 |
| Each additional & mile or fraction Local Channel Type 2107, each | 95.00 | .75 10.25 |
| Patron Secretarial Line Service for lines termina directly from the Central Office or through Concetrator-Identifier, each | | |
| Residential Business | | .95 1.80 |
| When furnished jointly with another company that not concur in this company's charges, the charge the first mile is | | 23.75 |
| Secretarial Line Channel Client located in Building Other Than That When Telephone Answering is Located and the Service Bridged in the Wire Center | | |
| Local Channel, each - Type 2106 Substitute | 17.05 | 4.15 |

| | Installation Charge | Monthly Rate |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| A8 Telephone Answering Service Facilities (Con | ıt'd) | |
| Between Terminations Located in Different Wire Centers | | |
| Directly Connected to Telephone Answering Firm | | |
| Interoffice Channel Including Channel Terminals per channel 1st 1/4 mile Each Additional 1/4 mile or fraction | | \$ 21.25 .75 |
| Local Channel, each Type 2106 | \$ 17.05 | 4.15 |
| Connected to a Concentrator Located in the Client's Serving Wire Center | | |
| Concentrator Line Termination, each | 17.05 | 4.15 |
| Connected to a Concentrator Located in a Different Wire Center | | |
| Interoffice Channel Including Channel Terminals Per Channel 1st 1/4 mile | | 21.25 |
| Each Additional 1/4 mile or fraction Concentrator Line Termination, each | 17.05 | .75 4.15 |
| Between Terminations Located in Different Exchanges | | |
| Directly Connected to Telephone Answering Firm | | |
| Interexchange Channel Including Channel Terminals | 425 AA | 76.00 |
| Per Channel, 1st mile Each Additional mile or fraction | 435.00 | 76.00 2.20 |
| An installation charge and a charge for the first mile if one of the exchanges is served by a company not concurring in the tariff charges. | 217.50 | 39.00 |
| Interoffice Channel Including Channel Terminals | | |
| Per Channel, 1st 1/4 mile Each Additional 1/4 mile or | | 10.00 |
| fraction thereof | | •45 |

Monthly Rate

A8 Telephone Answering Service Facilities (Cont'd)

Rate for terminating a patron's line in a Telephone Answering Bureau. This rate is billed to the Telephone Answering Bureau.

Local Channel Type 2106
Rate Differential

\$ 5.00

Customer Operating Service

Monthly Rates - Per Complement of Cable Pairs

| Per local channel activated | |
|--|-------|
| Type 2106 | 4.15 |
| Type 2107 - 4/4 mile or less | 3.80 |
| - 5/4 mile | 5.50 |
| Service Charge Per Local Channel Activated | |
| Each Type 2106 Local Channel Activated | 17.05 |
| Service Operating Charge, per Customer Request | |
| Type 2107 | 91.30 |
| Visit Charge, Type 2107 | 9.90 |
| Channel Connecting Charge, Type 2107 | 74.00 |

Customer Operating Center Service

Monthly Rates - Per complement of cable pairs

| DISTANCE IN & MILE OR | COC SERVICE CABLE SIZE | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| FRACTION THEREOF | 50 PAIRS | 100 PAIRS | 200 PAIRS | 300 PARIS | 400 PAIRS | 600 PAIRS | 900 PAIRS | 1200 PAIRS |
| 1/2 MILE | 176.00 | 180.40 | 225.00 | 265.00 | 312.40 | 420.00 | 545.00 | 711.70 |
| 3/4 MILE | 370.00 | 380.60 | 475.00 | 555.00 | 656.70 | 880.00 | 1140.00 | 1460.00 |
| 4/4 MILE | 585.00 | 601.70 | 775.00 | 910.00 | 1071.40 | 1440.00 | 1870.00 | 2390.00 |
| 5/4 MILE | 751.30 | 776.60 | 965.00 | 1131.90 | 1340.00 | 1795.20 | 2325.40 | 2975.00 |
| | | | <u> </u> | | | | | 1 |

A9 Foreign Exchange and Foreign Central Office Service

| | Installation Charge | Monthly Rate |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| Type 2045 | | |
| Interexchange Channel, including the Channel Terminals, per channel | | |
| 1st mile | \$435.00 | \$ 76.00 |
| Each additional mile or fraction thereof | | 2.20 |
| Interoffice Channel, including the | | |
| Channel Terminals, per channel | | |
| 1st 1/4 mile | | 10.00 |
| Each additional 1/4 mile or fraction | | |
| thereof | | .45 |
| Interexchange Channel, an installation charge and a charge for the first mile if one of | | |
| the exchanges is served by a company not | | |
| concurring in the tariff charges | 217.50 | 39.00 |
| Type 2145 | | |
| Interoffice Channel, including the | | |
| Channel Terminals, per channel | | |
| 1st 1/4 mile | 53.00 | 25.60 |
| Each additional 1/4 mile or fraction | | |
| thereof | | .75 |
| 1st 1/4 mile if one central office | | |
| is in territory of another company | 26.52 | |
| not concurring in this tariff | 26.50 | 13.25 |

A12 ESSX-1 Service

Rates and charges for Network Access Registers apply as for a PBX flat rate trunk of similar operation.

A13.2 Channels for Extension Line

Extension Lines and PBX Station Lines

Channels between different buildings on different premises, for use with Companyprovided station equipment, local channels, each

Type 2156 9.60

Al3.2 Channels for Extension Line (Cont'd)

| | Installation Charge | Monthly Rate |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Extension Lines and PEX Station Lines (Cont'd) | | |
| For use with Customer-provided or Company- provided equipment, local channels, each | | |
| Type 2157 Type 2154 Type 2155 Type 2158 | \$ 28.60 | \$ 9.40 36.50 14.85 11.30 |
| Provided by means of a direct cable, different building, different premises, non-wire center connected channels Per two point channel | | |
| Each 1/4 mile or fraction thereof Minimum Charge | | 1.60 3.20 |
| Channel between buildings on the same premises, each Per two point channel | | |
| Bach 1/4 mile or fraction thereof Minimum Charge | | 1.60 3.20 |
| Extension Lines | | |
| Interoffice channel for use with local channels | | |
| Per channel First 1/4 mile | | 21.25 |
| When furnished with another company not | | -2123 |
| concurring in this tariff | | 11.00 |
| Each additional 1/4 mile or fraction thereof | | .75 |
| Outside Base Rate Area Charge, per local channel | | |
| Band Zone 1 or Geographical Zone A | | 3.20 |
| Band Zone 2 or Geographical Zone B | | 9.60 |
| Band Zone 3 or Geographical Zone C Band Zone 4 | | 19.20 28.80 |
| Band Zone 5 | | 35.20 |
| Signaling Options | | |
| E&M Type Signaling Type 2154, 2155, 2156 | 2 20 | # 4# |
| Type 2154, 2155, 2156 Type 2158 | 3.30 7.70 | 5 .45 9 . 50 |
| Loop Signaling | 7.70 | 7.30 |
| Type 2158 | 6.60 | .35 |

A13.2 Channels for Extension Line (Cont'd)

| | | Installation | Monthly |
|--|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | Charge | Rate |
| Extension Lines (Cont'd) | | | |
| Signaling arrangements are furnisgrandfathered and registered PBX similar) in accordance with Part the FCC Rules and Regulations | s (or | | |
| For use with PBX (or similar) of channels for Company-provided or provided equipment | | | |
| Signaling Arrangement Each, per | circuit | | |
| Type A Type B Type C | | \$ 57.20 57.20 57.20 | \$ 19.75 15.50 9.50 |
| | Channels Bridged in the Wire Center | | Center Channels Moving a Channel |
| Service Charges for connection, move or change of service | | | |
| All Other Types | | | |
| Service Ordering Charge Per Customer Request | | | |
| Type 2102, 2158 Type 2104, 2146, 2147, 2154, | \$122.10 | \$ 6 | 7.10 |
| 2155, 2156 | 91.30 | 3 | 6.50 |
| Visit Charge, per premises | 14.30 | 1 | 4.30 |
| Channel Connecting Charge Par Channel Provided | | | |
| Type 2155, 2156 | 87.00 | | |
| Тура 2154 | 70.40 | | |
| Туре 2158 | 52.00 | | |
| Premises Work Charge, Per | | | |
| Premises | 16.75 | 1 | 6.75 |
| Station Handling Charge, Per | | | |
| Termination | 5.85 | | 5.85 |

| | Monthly Rate |
|---|-----------------|
| Al3.16 Custom Calling Services | |
| Per C.O. line equipped for: | |
| Call Waiting - Residence Business | \$ 2.75 4.95 |
| Call Forwarding - Residence - Business | 2.50 3.50 |
| Three-Way Calling - Residence - Business | 3.60 4.15 |
| Speed Calling (8-Code) - Residence - Business | 2.50 3.50 |
| Speed Calling (30-Code) - Residence - Business | 3.50 4.50 |
| Call Waiting with Call Forwarding - Residence | 4.15 |
| Call Waiting with Speed Calling (8-Code) - Residence | 4.00 |
| Call Waiting with Call Forwarding and Speed Calling (8-Code) - Residence | 5.50 |
| All Features, Including Speed Calling (8-Code) - Residen | nce 8.15 |
| Call Waiting with Three-Way Calling - Residence | 4.00 |
| Call Forwarding with Three-Way Calling - Residence | 4.00 |
| Call Forwarding with Speed Calling (8-Code) - Residence | 4.00 |
| Three-Way Calling with Speed Calling (8-Code) - Residence | 4.00 |
| Call Waiting with Call Forwarding and Three-Way Calling - Residence | 5.50 |
| Call Waiting with Three-Way Calling and Speed Calling (8-Code) - Residence | 5.50 |
| Call Forwarding with Three-Way Calling and Speed Calling (8-Code) - Residence | 5.50 |

A13.22 Toll Trunks (Toll Terminals)

Toll trunks are furnished only where facilities permit, to all customers at a monthly charge equivalent to the Business Individual Line Flat Rate in the Local Calling Area containing the customer's premises from which the trunk extends.

| the trunk extends. | Installation Charge |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| A14 Auxiliary Equipment | |
| Standard Voice Jacks | |
| Minature modular jack, each | \$ 7.70 |
| Series jack, each | 22.00 |
| Minature ribbon connector, each | 75.90 |
| Weatherproof (3 position) jack for marine and recreational vehicle, each | 71.00 |
| Standard Data Jacks | |
| Programmed jack, each | 39.60 |
| Universal jack, each | 45.10 |
| Multiple mounting arrangement for up to 16 single line data jacks, each | 176.00 |
| Multiple line data jack for use with both fixed loop loss and programmable data equipment: | |
| Common equipment for up to eight lines, eac Line circuit cards, each Wall mounting cover, each Rack mounting, each | h 137.50 20.90 31.90 25.30 |
| Non-Standard Voice Jacks | |
| Non-weatherproof | |
| - Three or four conductor, each | 7.70 |
| Weatherproof | |
| - Three conductor and plug assembly for movable premises, each | 21.45 |
| Three conductor in excess of plugs for movable premises, each | 16.50 |
| - Three or four conductor, each | 21.45 |
| Miscellaneous Jack-related Equipment | |
| Outdoor (patio-type) cover/housing for miniature-modular jack | |
| -Flush (outdoor cover), each -Nonflush (outdoor cover and mounting box), each | 31.35 31.35 |
| Flexible weatherproof cord (three-conductor), double-plug ended fifty-foot length | 110.00 |
| Modular jack converter | 4.55 |

| Installation | l ly | |
|--------------|------|--|
| Charge | Rate | |

| Mutiple Line Control Arrangements | | |
|--|-----------|---------------------|
| Break-In Rotary Number Group Rate for common equipment does not include required lamp indicator and key (which are available at regular tariff rates.) | | |
| Common equipment, first 10 lines Each additional lines | | \$ 11.30 9.50 |
| Line Out-of-Service Feature Rate for control equipment does not include required signaling key (which is available at regular tariff rates). | | |
| Control equipment, per line | \$ 8.45 | 5.10 |
| Long Distance Message Telecommunications Service Long Distance Message Telecommunications Service is subject authorized resale and shared use by the customer, except traiff regulations prohibiting the resale and unauthorized sharing of service remain applicable to rates for Hearing Speech Impaired Customers and to Optional Calling Plans. | that I | |
| A100.72 Group Emergency Alerting and Dispatching Systems | | |
| Small System Common Equipment Line Equipment Dispatcher Set Connection or substitution of | | 155.00 4.15 0 |
| subscriber lines - First line - Each additional line at same time | \$ O | |
| Twenty-Four Line System | | 0/0.00 |
| Common Equipment for 15 called lines Common Equipment for 15 additional called lines | | 240.00 29.50 |
| Subsequent addition or change - First line | 0 | 27,20 |
| - Each additional line at same line | 0 | |
| A100.75 Weather Announcement Equipment | | |
| Medium Load System | | |
| Announcer and common equipment Switched access arrangement | | 160.00 135.00 |
| A100.91 Custom Calling Services | | |
| Not available for new installations, additions or on transfers of service to new locations. | | |
| Call Waiting with Speed Calling (30 code), Residence | | 5.00 |
| Call Waiting with Call Forwarding and Speed Calling (30-code), Residence | | 6.50 |
| All features including Speed Calling (30 code) | | 8.80 |
| (30 code) | | 0.00 |

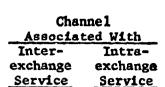
| Channel Associated With | | |
|-------------------------|----------|--|
| Inter- | Intra- | |
| exchange | exchange | |
| Service | Service | |

Charges For Providing Channels Without Central Office Connections Or For Moving a Local Channel in the Same Building

C3 Private Line Service Channels

| Nonrecurri | ng Charges |
|------------|------------|
|------------|------------|

| Service Ordering Charge, | | | |
|--|----------|----------|---------------|
| Per Customer Request | | | |
| Series 1000 | | | |
| Intraexchange | | | |
| Type 1101, 1102, | | | |
| 1180, 1182 | | \$ 36.50 | \$ 17.60 |
| Type 1110, 1111, | | , | ¥ 27,650 |
| 1150, 1151 | | 160.00 | 69.30 |
| Interexchange | _ | | |
| All Types | \$205.00 | | 96.00 |
| Series 2000 | | | |
| Intraexchange | | | |
| All Types | | 120.00 | 69.30 |
| Interexchange | | | |
| Туре 2003, 2048, | | | |
| 2050, 2052, 2072 | 205.00 | | 96.00 |
| All Other Types | 161.70 | | 96.00 |
| Series 6000 | | | |
| Intraexchange | | | |
| Type 6160, 6170 | | 36.50 | 69 .30 |
| All Other Types | | 95.00 | 69.30 |
| Interexchange | | | |
| All Types | 205.00 | | 96.00 |
| Record Order | | | |
| Type 1101, 1102, 1180, | | | |
| 1182 | | 15.50 | |
| All Other Series and Types | 23.10 | 23.10 | |
| Visit Charge Per Premises | | | |
| All Series and Types | 14.30 | 14.30 | 14.30 |
| Chammel Connection Charge Per Local Channel | | | |
| Series 1000 Intraexchange Type 1101, 1102, | | | |
| 1180, 1182 | | 13.25 | |
| All Other Types | | 58,30 | |
| | | | |



Service

52,00

105,60 145.20

185.00

Charges For Providing Channels Without Central Office Connections Or For Moving a Local Channel in the Same Building

C3 Private Line Service Channels (Cont'd)

Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

Channel Connection Charge Per Local Channel (Cont'd)

Series 1000 (Cont'd)
Interexchange \$135.30 All Types Series 2000 Intraexchange Type 2101, 2153, 2171 \$ 47.50 All Other Types 83.00 Interexchange 350.00 Type 2054 Type 2058 220.00 All Other Types 191,40 Series 6000 Intraexchange Channel Not Connected to a Bridging Amplifier Type 6160 39.60 Type 6170 52.00 Type 6161, 6162 80.30 Type 6171, 6172 105.60 Type 6163 130.00 Channel Connected to

a Bridging Amplifier Type 6160, 6170 Type 6171, 6172 Type 6161, 6162 Type 6163 Interexchange Channel Not Connected to a Bridging Amplifier Type 6064 130.00 285.00 Type 6065, 6066 Channel Connected to a Bridging Amplifier 222.20 Type 6064 470.00 Type 6065, 6066

| | Association Inter- exchange Service | Service | Providing Without Cer Connection Moving a Le | ges For g Channels ntral Office ons Or For ocal Channel me Building |
|---|---|----------|--|--|
| C3 Private Line Service Chann | els (Cont'd) |) | | |
| Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd) | | | | |
| Premises Wiring Charge Per Premises | | | | |
| All Series and Types | \$ 16.80 | \$ 16.80 | ş | 16.80 |
| Station Handling Charge Per Termination | 5.85 | 5.85 | | 5.85 |
| | | | | nthly Rate |
| On Premises Channels Types 1000 | <u>& 2000</u> | | | |
| Two Point Service, same build | | | \$ | 3.20 |
| Two Point Service, different per 1/4 mile or fraction | bullaings | | | 1.60 |
| Minimum Charge | | A.9 | | 3.20 |
| Each additional point of term same or different building | inacion in | tne | | 3.20 |
| Additional Points of Termination Local Channel - Types 1000 and | | | | |
| Additional point of terminati | | | | |
| buildings, same premises, | er 1/4 mile | | | 1 60 |
| or fraction Minimum Charge | | | | 1.60 3.20 |
| | • • • | 49 44 | | 2 20 |

3.20

Special Signaling Service - Series 1000

Additional point of termination, same building

| Intraexchange Types 1101 and 1102 | |
|--|------|
| Local Channel, each | |
| Type 1101 | 6.50 |
| Type 1102 | 6.50 |
| Interoffice Channel including the channel | |
| terminals for use with Types 1101 and 1102 | |
| Per channel, 1st 1/4 mile | 3.45 |
| Each additional 1/4 mile or fraction thereof | 2.65 |

| | | thly ate |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| C3 Private Line Service Channels (Cont'd) | | |
| Special Signaling Service - Series 1000 (Cont'd) | | |
| Interexchange Type 1002 lst mile Additional mile or fraction | \$ 3 | 9.05 .95 |
| Interoffice Type 1002 1st 1/4 mile Additional 1/4 mile or fraction | | 9.15 .85 |
| Local Channel Type 1002 | 2 | 1.25 |
| Local Channel Type 1180 | | 6.50 |
| Local Channel Type 1182 | 1 | 3.00 |
| | Month Half Duplex | ly Rate Full Duplex |
| Sub Voice Grade Intraexchange | | |
| Type 1110 Type 1111 Type 1150 Type 1151 | \$ 19.00 24.00 17.35 22.30 | \$ 21.00 26.70 19.25 24.50 |
| Interoffice Channels Sub Voice Grade | | |
| lst 1/4 mile Additional 1/4 mile | 18.25 .75 | 18.25 .75 |
| Sub Voice Grade Interexchange | | |
| Types 1010, 1011, 1050 & 1051 1st mile Additional mile or fraction | 39.05 | 39.05 |
| Types 1010 & 1050 Types 1011 & 1051 | .95 1.25 | .95 1.25 |
| Interoffice Channel 1st 1/4 mile | 9.15 | 9.15 |
| Additional 1/4 mile or fraction Local Channels, each | .85 | .85 |
| Туре 1010 | 21.25 | 23.50 |
| Туре 1011 Туре 1050 | 24.00 20.35 | 26.70 22.30 |
| Туре 1051 | 23.10 | 25.50 |

| | Installation Charge | Monthly Rate |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| .C3 Private Line Service Channels (Cont'd) | | |
| Station Arrangement Charges - | | |
| | | |
| Type 1111 - where all stations are located on same premises, each station Type 1111 and 1151 - where any stations of a system are located on different premises, non-wire center connected, | \$ 31.00 | \$ 8.30 |
| each station | 31.00 | 12.75 |
| Voice Grade Series 2000 | | |
| Tatmanahana | | |
| Intraexchange Local Channels, each | | |
| Type 2101 | | 7.90 |
| Type 2103 | | 34.65 |
| Type 2148 | | 34.65 |
| Type 2150 | | 34.65 |
| Type 2152 | | 34.65 |
| Type 2153 | | 7.90 |
| Each additional point of termination in | | ,,,, |
| the same building for two-point service | | |
| Half Duplex | | 1.60 |
| Duplex | | 1.60 |
| Different building, different premises, | | |
| non-wire center connected, per channel | | |
| Half Duplex | | |
| Each 1/4 mile | | 1.60 |
| Minimm Charge | | 6.40 |
| Full Duplex | | |
| Each 1/4 mile | | 3.20 |
| Minimum Charge | | 12.80 |
| Interoffice Channel | | |
| let 1/4 mile | | 21.25 |
| Additional 1/4 mile or fraction | | •75 |
| | | - · · |
| Interexchange | | |
| 1st mile | | 45.65 |
| Additional mile or fraction | | 2.20 |
| Interoffice Channel | | |
| 1st 1/4 mile | | 10.00 |
| Additional 1/4 mile or fraction | | .45 |
| Local Channels, each | | 1/ 20 |
| Type 2001 | | 14.30 |
| Type 2003 Type 2048 | | 34 ,10 34 ,1 0 |
| Type 2040 Type 2050 | | 34. 1 0 |
| Type 2052 | | 34. 40 |
| Type 2052 Type 2053 | | 14.30 |
| Type 2054 | | |
| Type 2055 | | 34. £ 0 |
| Type 2056 | | 23.75 |
| Type 2058 | | 18.50 |
| Type 2030 | | 19.55 |



Dataphone[®] Select-A-Station and Telemetry/Alarm Bridging Service (TABS) Channels

Intraexchange

| Local Channel, each | |
|---------------------|------------|
| Type 2171 | \$ 7.90 |
| Type 2172 | 34.65 |

Interexchange

| Local Channel, each - | |
|-----------------------|-------|
| Туре 2071 | 14.30 |
| Type 2072 | 34.10 |

NOTE: The appropriate voice grade interoffice and/or interexchange channel rates apply in addition to the local channel rates.

Channels Terminating Outside the Base Rate Area

The following rates apply to local channels which terminate outside the Base Rate Area. These rates apply in addition to the monthly rate for the local channel.

This Company's Exchanges

| Band Zone 1 or Geographical Zone A | 3.20 |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| Band Zone 2 or Geographical Zone B | 9.60 |
| Band Zone 3 or Geographical Zone C | 19.20 |
| Band Zone 4 | 28.80 |
| Band Zone 5 | 35.20 |

Exchanges of the General Telephone Company of Kentucky

| Zone 2 | 3.20 |
|--------|-------|
| Zone 3 | 9.60 |
| Zone 4 | 19.20 |
| Zone 5 | 28.80 |
| Zone 6 | 35,20 |

All other Companies Exchanges

| Each | 1/4 0 | ille or | fraction | thereof | 1.60 |
|------|-------|---------|----------|---------|------|
|------|-------|---------|----------|---------|------|

Customer Operating Center Service

Monthly Rates - Per complement of cable pairs

| DISTANCE IN 1/4 MILE OR | | | | COC SERVIC | E CABLE SI | ZE | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| FRACTION THEREOF | 50 PAIRS | 100 Pairs | 200 PAIRS | 300 PAIRS | 400 PAIRS | 600 PAIRS | 900 Pairs | 1200 PAIRS |
| 1/2 MILE | 176.00 | 180.40 | 225.00 | 265,00 | 312.40 | 420.00 | 545.00 | 711.70 |
| 3/4 MILE | 370.00 | 380.60 | 475.00 | 555.00 | 656.70 | 880.00 | 1140.00 | 1460.00 |
| 4/4 MILE | 585.00 | 601.70 | 775.00 | 910.00 | 1071.40 | 1440.00 | 1870.00 | 2390.00 |
| 5/4 MILE | 751.30 | 776 . 60 | 965.00 | 1131.90 | 1340.00 | 1795.20 | 2325.40 | 2975.00 |

Monthly Rates - Per Local Channel Activated

| LOCAL CHANNEL PROVIDED WITHIN | TY | TYPE OF LOCAL CHARREL ACTIVATED | | | |
|------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------|--------------|
| A CABLE WHOSE AIRLINE DISTANCE IS: | 1101 | 1102 | 2150 2172 | 2152 | 2153 2171 |
| 1/4 MILE | 1.60 | 1.60 | 11.00 | 23.75 | 1.60 |
| 1/2 MILE | 1.60 | 1.60 | 11.85 | 24.50 | 1.60 |
| 3/4 MILE | 1.60 | 1.60 | 12.10 | 25.00 | 1.60 |
| 4/4 MILE | 1.60 | 1.60 | 13.00 | 26.00 | 2.05 |
| 5/4 MILE | 1.60 | 1.60 | 14.05 | 26.70 | 3.45 |

| | Monthly Rate | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Channels Not | Channels Connected | Channels |
| Connected To A | To A | Connecting |
| Bridging Amplifier | Bridging Amplifier | Bridging Amplifier |
| | | |

Program Channels Series 6000

| Intraexchange | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|
| Audio Channels | | | |
| Local Channels, each | | | |
| Type 6160 | \$ 7.60 | \$ 6.50 | |
| Type 6161 | 22.85 | 45.10 | |
| Type 6162 | 23.50 | 45.65 | |
| Туре 6163 | 32.50 | | |
| Interoffice Channels | | | |
| Including Charmel | | | |
| Terminals, per 1/4 | | | |
| mile or fraction, | | | |
| per channel | | | |
| First 1/4 Mile | | | |
| Type 6160 | 18.7 5 | 19.00 | \$ 14.8 5 |
| Type 6161 | 33 .55 | 27.00 | 17.35 |
| Type 6162 | 34.10 | 27.00 | 17.60 |
| Type 6163 | 58.00 | | |
| Each Additional 1/4 Mil | | | |
| Туре 6160 | .7 5 | . 75 | •75 |
| Type 6161 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.10 |
| Type 6162 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 1.30 |
| Туре 6163 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.60 |
| Interexchange | | | |
| Two-Point Audio | | | |
| Local Channels, each | | | |
| Type 6064 | 14.30 | 20.35 | |
| Type 6065 | 38.00 | 32.50 | |
| Туре 6066 | 39.05 | 38.50 | |
| Interoffice Channels | | | |
| Including Channel | | | |
| Terminals, per 1/4 | | | |
| mile or fraction, per channel | | | |
| First 1/4 Mile | | | |
| Type 6064 | 9.15 | 9.15 | |
| Type 6065 | 17.35 | 17.35 | |
| Type 6066 | 26.00 | 26.00 | |
| | | 20100 | |
| Each Additional 1/4 Mi | | | |
| Type 6064 | •85 | .85 | |
| Type 6065 | 1.10 | 1.10 | |
| Туре 6066 | 1.25 | 1.25 | |

| Monthly Rate | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| Channels Not | Channels Connected | Channels | |
| Connected To A | To A | Connecting | |
| Bridging Amplifier | Bridging Amplifier | Bridging Amplifier | |

Program Channels Series 6000 (Cont'd)

Interexchange (Cont'd)
Two-Point Audio (Cont'd)

Interexchange Channels Including the Channel Terminals, per mile or fraction, per channel

| First Mile | | |
|----------------------|----------|-------------------|
| Type 6064 | \$ 46.20 | \$ 59 .6 0 |
| Type 6065 | 90.00 | 110.00 |
| Туре 6066 | 132.00 | 155.00 |
| Each Additional Mile | 2 | |
| Type 6064 | 2.20 | 2.20 |
| Туре 6065 | 3.45 | 3.45 |
| Туре 6066 | 4.95 | 4.95 |

| | Installation Charge | Monthly Rate |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| Wired Music | | |
| Local Channels, each | | |
| Туре 6170 | | \$ 6.50 |
| Туре 6171 | | 14.60 |
| Туре 6172 | | 14.85 |
| Distribution Amplifiers and Bridging | | |
| Initial 30 Channel Arrangement | | 44.55 |
| Each Additional 30 Channel Arrangement | | 21.00 |
| Distribution Amplifiers, per central office | | |
| 10 lines | \$ 95.00 | 22.30 |
| 12 to 48 lines | 110.00 | 24.00 |
| 50 to 98 lines | 121.00 | ×25.50 |
| 100 to 250 lines | 130.00 | 27.00 |
| Spare Amplifiers, each | 39.05 | 8.70 |

| | | Installation Charge | Monthly Rate |
|------------|---|------------------------|------------------|
| C 3 | Private Line Service Channels (Cont'd) | | |
| Char | mel Conditioning | | |
| Ty | pe Cl | | |
| | Intraexchange On a two-point channel, each station On a multi-point channel, each station | \$ 25.50 25.50 | \$ 8.30 16.00 |
| | Interexchange On a two-point channel not arranged for switching, first station in an exchange On a multi-point channel, first station | 25.50 | 16.00 |
| | in an exchange Each additional station on the same channel and in the same exchange as | 25.50 | 27.25 |
| | the first station | 25.50 | 8.30 |
| T | pe C2 | | |
| | Interexchange and Intraexchange For the first station in an exchange On a two-point channel not | | |
| | arranged for switching On a multi-point channel For each additional station on the | 32.00 64.00 | 47.50 61.00 |
| | same channel and in the same exchange as the first station | 12.75 | 25.50 |
| T | pe C4 | | |
| | Interexchange and Intraexchange | | |
| | For the first station in an exchange on a two-point channel not arranged for switching | 64.00 | 51.00 |
| Ţ | ype_D1 | | |
| | On a two-point channel not arranged for switching, per channel | 195.00 | 19.55 |
| Alt | ernate Use Arrangements | | |
| V | oice Private Line and Foreign Exchange Service | 25.50 | 14.60 |
| V | oice and Data | 32.00 | 7.60 |

| 4 | |
|---|--|
| | |
| | |

| Installation | Month 15 |
|--------------|----------|
| Charge | Rate |

<u>Multipoint Services</u>

Charges are applicable where,
(1) more than two Local Channels, or
(2) one or more Local Channels and
more than one Interoffice or
Interexchange Channel, or (3) more
than one Local Channel and one
Interoffice or Interexchange Channel
are bridged or hubbed at the same
central office (wire center).

Series 1000

Bridging Arrangement for Use With Interexchange Service

| Per Bridged Interexchange Channel, Interoffice Channel or Local Channel | | |
|--|----------|----------|
| Type 1002 | \$ 27.50 | \$ 39.05 |
| Type 1010 | 27.50 | 41.50 |
| Type 1050 | 27.50 | 39.05 |
| Type 1011 | 27.50 | 43.50 |
| Type 1051 | 27.50 | 42.00 |
| Bridging Arrangement for Use With | | |
| Intraexchange Service | | |
| Per Bridged Interoffice Channel | | |
| or Local Channel | | |
| Type 1110, 1150, 1111, and 1151 | 27.50 | 18.50 |

Series 2000

Bridging Arrangement for Use With Interexchange or Intraexchange Service

| Per Bridged Interexchange Channel, | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Interoffice Channel or Local Channel | | |
| Type 2001, 2053, 2101, and 2153 | 27.50 | 14.85 |
| Type 2048, 2052, 2148, 2152, 2071 | | |
| and 2171 | 27.50 | 7.50 |
| Type 2003, 2050, 2103, and 2150 | 27.50 | 6.50 |

| | or | |
|---|---|---------|
| | Nonrecurring | Monthly |
| | Charge | Rate |
| | - Charac | Bucc |
| C4 Private Line Service Equipment | | |
| | | |
| Equipment | | |
| Maintenance of Service Charge | | |
| Maintenance visit charge, each visit | \$105.00 | |
| 1,101,101,101,101,101,101,101,101,101,1 | , ===================================== | |
| | | |
| Voice Communicating Equipment | | |
| Signaling | | |
| Associated with Intraexchange Channels | | |
| Manual Ringdown | | |
| For Use With Channel Types | | |
| 2101 & 2153 | 5.50 | \$ 9.15 |
| | | |
| Automatic Ringdown | | |
| For Use With Channel Types | | |
| 2101 & 2153 | 16.50 | 3.75 |
| E & M Signaling | | |
| For Use With Channel Type 2153 | 7.70 | 9.60 |
| •• | | |
| DC Control Circuit, One-Way Signaling | | |
| For Use With Channel Type 2153 | 4.95 | 1.40 |
| Loop Signaling | | |
| For Use With Channel Types | | |
| 2101 & 2153 | 6.60 | •35 |
| | | •== |
| Requiring on-premises signaling equipment | | |
| Private Line Terminal Equipment | | |
| for use where the line terminates | | |
| in a regular common battery telephone: | | |
| Lines equipped for ringdown | | |
| signaling, per termination | | 2.90 |
| Time for Marrow outspotts minder | | |
| Lines for: Two-way automatic ringdown, per termination | | 3.30 |
| one-way auto. & one-way ringdown | 1. | 3.30 |
| per termination | •• | 2.90 |
| <u>-</u> | | |
| Associated with Interexchange Channels | | |
| Manual Ringdown | | |
| For Use With Channel Types | | |
| 2001 & 2053 | 61.00 | 17.05 |

Installation

| Installation | Mon |
|--------------|-----|
| Charge | Ras |

C4 Private Line Service Equipment

Voice Communicating Equipment (Cont'd)

Signaling (Cont'd)

Associated with Interexchange Channels (Cont'd)

| Automatic Ringdown For Use With Channel Types 2001 & 2053 | \$ 16.50 | \$ 13.00 |
|--|----------|----------|
| 2002 3 2300 | , | , |
| E & M For Man With Channel Time 2052 | 83.00 | 19.25 |
| For Use With Channel Type 2053 For Use With Channel Types | 83.00 | 19.25 |
| 2054, 2055 & 2056 | 16.50 | 14.05 |
| For Use With Channel Types 2058 & 2059 | 74.00 | 16.75 |
| Toon Closelinet | | |
| Loop Signaling* For Use With Channel Types | | |
| 2058 & 2059 | 16.50 | 9.65 |
| DO Grand Glands - One Ven Standing | | |
| DC Control Circuit - One-Way Signaling For Use With Channel Type 2053 | 89.10 | 10.35 |
| and the second s | | |
| Signaling - For Use With PBX (or similar) | | |
| Off-Premises Channels for Company- | | |
| Provided Equipment or Customer- Provided Equipment | | |
| Signaling Arrangement each, per circuit | | |
| Type A | 59.40 | 32.00 |
| Type B | 59.40 | 26.00 |
| Type C | 59.40 | 21.25 |
| Dial Selector Signaling & Switching | | |
| Key Selector Signaling (Sending), | | |
| per station | 8.90 | 1.95 |
| Var Caluatum Clamatina (Dayadadaa) | | |
| Key Selector Signaling (Receiving), per station | | 8.55 |
| Switching Arrangements | | |
| Interexchange Channel Switching | | |
| Per private line arranged | | 9.50 |
| Series 6000 Channels | | |
| Same Premises, for 500 feet or fraction thereof | | .35 |

*The customer-provided equipment must supervise up to 1300 ohms.

T2.3.13 Suspension of Service (Customer Premices Products Tariff)

Temporary suspension of service is not allowed for any items of service or equipment offered in the Customer Premises Products Tariff, except Centrex exchange access and dormitory main station number access which may be suspended as described under "Suspension of Service - General Subscriber Services Tariff." If service and/or equipment offered are to be out of use for a period of time, the customer may disconnect such service and/or equipment and charges will cease to apply. However, all appropriate nonrecurring and service charges will be applied upon reconnection.

T8.1.2 Responsibility for Return of Telephone Equipment

With certain exceptions, upon termination or cancellation of service the customer is responsible for the return in good condition, reasonable wear and tear thereof expected, of the telephone equipment listed below. The customer may do so by using the Optional Set Recovery Plan or by mailing in the equipment in prepaid postage material obtained from the Company. Until the customer responsibility is met, the nonrecurring charge set forth below will be billed to the customer. The same charge will be credited when the equipment return responsibility is met. The charge will also be billed when the customer fails to return defective sets in accordance with mail replacement procedures. In all cases, ownership of the equipment does not transfer to the customer upon payment of the charge. Paid charges will be refunded upon customer presentation of proof of payment when the customer subsequently returns the equipment.

The following Unrecovered Telephone Equipment Charges are applicable:

| | Nonrecurring Charge |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Traditional Non-Button Telephone Set | |
| -Rotary | \$ 30.00 |
| -Touch-Tone® | 45.00 |
| Princess® Non-Button Telephone Set | |
| -Rotary | 30.00 |
| -Touch-Tone | 55.00 |
| Trimline® Telephone Set | |
| -Rotary | 35.00 |
| -Touch-Tone | 50.00 |

T8.1.2 Responsibility for Return of Telephone Equipment (Cont'd)

The following Unrecovered Telephone Equipment Charges are applicable: (Cont'd)

| | Nonrecurring Charge |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Traditional Turnbutton Telephone Set | |
| -Rotary, Wall | \$ 50.00 |
| -Rotary, Desk | 35.00 |
| -Touch-Tone, Wall | 80.00 |
| -Touch-Tone. Desk | 65.00 |
| Princess Turnbutton Telephone Set | 03.00 |
| -Rotary | 70.00 |
| -Touch-Tone | 80.00 |
| Touch-a-matic® 12 Adjunct Dialer | 70,00 |
| Touch-a-matic 16 Telephone Set | |
| -Rotary | 255.00 |
| -Touch-Tone | 265.00 |
| Touch-a-matic 32 Telephone Set | |
| -Rotary | 340.00 |
| -Touch-Tone | 370.00 |
| Touch-a-matic 32 Adjunct Dialer | |
| -Rotary | 270.00 |
| -Touch-Tone | 320.00 |
| Touch-a-matic S Series Telephone | 170.00 |
| The AutoMatic Telephone* | |
| -Non Remote Set | |
| -Rotary | 320.00 |
| -Pushbutton | 340.00 |
| -Remote Set# | |
| -Rotary | 420.00 |
| -Pushbutton | 460.00 |
| -Non-Remote Adjunct Unit | 280.00 |
| -Remote Adjunct Unit# | 380.00 |
| -Additional Pocket Coder* | 45.00 |
| TeleHelper** | |
| -Speakerphone | 95.00 |
| -Answer/Record Unit | 135.00 |

| | Nonrecurring Charge | Monthly Rate |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| T8.2 feature Telephone Sets | | |
| Traditional Set -Rotary dial, each -Touch-Tone dial, each Intercom Only Set | | \$ 1.60 2.85 |
| -Rotary dial, each -Touch-Tone dial | | 1.60 2.85 |

^{*}Trademark of American Telecommunications Corporation
**Trademark of A.T.&T. Company
#Includes one Pocket Coder

| | Nonrecurring Charge | Monthly Rate |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| T8.2 Feature Telephone Sets (Cont'd) | | |
| Princess Set | | |
| -Rotary dial, each | | \$ 3.10 |
| -Touch-Tone dial, each | | 4.00 |
| Trimline Telephone Set | | |
| -Rotary dial, each | | 3.40 |
| -Touch-Tone dial, each | | 4.55 |
| T8.6 Mobile Telephone Equipment | | |
| Primary Equipment on Mobile Units | | |
| Standard set equipped with all channels of its system at its base station of registry | | |
| (1) 150 MHZ | \$200.00 | \$125.00 |
| (2) 450 MHZ | 200.00 | 125.00 |
| Deluxe control unit installed at the time of the initial | 27.50 | 40.25 |
| installation | 27.50 | 40.25 |

A nonrecurring charge of \$27.50 applies to the installation of a standard control head or a deluxe control head subsequent to the initial installation of the mobile telephone set, except where installation requires the changeout of the existing transmitter/receiver, in which case, the nonrecurring charge for a new installation shall apply.

Supplemental Equipment on Mobile Units (150 and 450 MHZ Bands)

| | Nonrecurring Charge | nthly ate |
|---|------------------------|--------------|
| Relay control equipment for subscriber cwned auxiliary horn or signal lamp | | \$ 2.30 |
| Gain Type Antenna | | 2.60 |
| Each channel of a foreign base station added at the time of initial installation* | | 1.80 |

^{*} When one or more foreign channels are installed subsequent to the initial installation, a nonrecurring charge of \$27.50 shall apply in addition to the monthly rate.

| | | Nonrecurring Charge | Monthly Rate |
|------|--|------------------------|-----------------|
| T9.6 | Interface Arrangements | | |
| | Equipment Required to Terminate Customer Owned and Maintained Circuits | : - | |
| | Four-wire terminating equipment required to interface with customer 4-wire circui each | | \$ 12.40 |
| | Equipment Required to Connect Unregister Equipment to Bell Communications Systems | red L | |
| | Music-on-Hold | | |
| | For use with Dimension PBX | 60.50 | 2.35 |
| | For use with 1A2 Key Telephone Service Com Key 718 or 2152 Systems | 44.55 | 2.20 |
| | For use with Horizon Communications System | 73.70 | 2.20 |
| | For use with Com Key 416 System, per arrangement | 45.10 | 2.50 |
| | Radio Paging, Information Retrieval and Dial Dictation | | |
| | For use with 1A2 Key Telephone Service Com Key 718 or 2152, per arrangement | 121.00 | 16.80 |
| | Power Rectifier Option | 55.00 | 8.00 |
| | Radio Paging | | |
| | For use with Dimension arrangement | 165.00 | 53.35 |
| | Touch-Tone Receiver Option | 59.40 | 13.20 |
| | Touch-Tone Conversion Option | 66.00 | 11.00 |
| | Answer Ports Option (only available for one-way) | 70.00 | 14.50 |
| | One-Way Loudspeaker Paging | | |
| | For use with Com Key 416 | 16.50 | 6.15 |
| | For use with Com Key 718 or 2152 | 16.50 | 7.35 |

| | Nonrecurring Charge | Monthly Rate |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|
| Dial Dictation | | |
| For use with Dimension per arrangement | \$209.00 | \$ 42.90 |
| Touch-Tone conversion option | 209.00 | 19.25 |
| Phone Patch | | |
| For use with any Telephone sets that have Exclusion Keys | 54.45 | 2.55 |
| Dial Dictation | | |
| For use with Horizon | 297.00 | 90.20 |
| Receiver Cabinet Option | 110.00 | 11.30 |
| Auxiliary Power Option | 132.00 | 93.50 |

APPENDIX B

APPENDIX TO AN ORDER OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION IN CASE NO. 8467 DATED October 13, 1982.

The rates and charges in the following sections of the General Subscribers Services Tariff and the Customer Premises Products Tariff shall be increased by 10 percent, and are prescribed for the customers in the area served by South Central Bell Telephone Company in Kentucky.

General Subscribers Tariff

Al2 ESSX-1 Service

Al2.3.13 Station Line Wiring

Al4 Auxiliary Equipment

A14.29 Centrex-CO Tie Line Terminations

A100 Obsolete Service Offerings

A100.64b Centrex-CO I & II Intercom

A100.64b Centrex-CO I - Int & Ext Stas.

Al00.64b&c Centrex-CO II - Int & Ext Stas.

A100.64.6 Centrex Toll Diverting Equip.

A100.64.6 Centrex Att. Controlled Conf.

Al00.64.6 Centrex Call Forwarding Busy

Customer Premises Products Tariff

T3 PBX Equipment

- T3.3.1 PBX Hospitality 200
- T3.3D-FI PBX Dimension Feature Charges
- T3.3G.a PBX Dimension 100-VTPP
- T3.3G.b PBX Dimension 400-VTPP
- T3.3G.c PBX Dimension 600-VTPP

T3 PBX Equipment (Con't)

| r3.3G.d | PBX Dimension 2000-VIPP |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| T33J.a | PBX Dimension 100-Eqpt. Chrgs. |
| гз.зј.ъ | PBX Dimension 400-Eqpt. Chrgs. |
| г3.3J.с | PBX Dimension 600-Eqpt. Chrgs. |
| r3.3J.d | PBX Dimension 2000-Eqpt. Chrgs |
| r3.3K | PBX Dimension Move Charges |
| г3.4 | PBX Stations |
| T3.5.A | PBX PKGD Dimension 100 |
| r3.5.B | PBX PKGD Dimension 400 |
| T3.5.C | PBX PKGD Dimension ECT |
| | T4 Horizon |
| T4.6 | Horizon |
| | T5 Key |
| T5.1.3 | Key-Basic Telephone Service |
| T5.1.4 | Rey-Basic Optional Features |
| T5.2.1-2 | Dial Intercom & Signaling |
| T5.2.3 | Dialog Intercom System |
| T5.3.5 | Com Key Nonrecurring Charges |
| T5.3.6 | Com Key 416 |
| T5.3.7 | Com Key 718 |
| T5.3.8 | Com Key 734 |
| T5.3.9 | Com Key 1434 |
| T5.3.10 | Com Key Optional Features |
| T5.3.11 | Com Key 2152 |

T6 Special Services

| T6.1.1 | SS-AUTOTAS Answering-2 Tier |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| T6.1.1 | SS-AUTOTAS Answering-Non 2 Tier |
| T6.2.1 | SS-Call Distributor-2B Auto |
| T6.2.1 | SS-Call Distributor-4A Model |
| T6.3.1 | SS-Emerg-Industrial Municipal |
| T6.3.2 | SS-Emerg-Wescom 2 Tier |
| T6.3.3 | SS-Emergency Reporting (E911) |
| T6.4.1 | SS-Govt-301A Key |
| T6.4.2 | SS-Govt-310 Key |
| T6.4.3 | SS-Govt-375 Key |
| T6.4.4 | SS-Govt-Panel Mounted Key Set |
| T6.4.5 | SS-Govt-Modular Terminal |
| T6.4.6 | SS-Govt-Target Generator |
| T6.5.1 | SS-Industrial Communication |
| T6.6.1 | SS-50B/51A CPS-Non 2 Tier |
| т6.6.1 | SS-51A CPS-2 Tier |
| T6.7 | SS-80/5 Call Management System |
| | T7 Data |
| T7.1.2A | Data-100 Series |
| T7.1.2B | Data-200 Series-Two Tier |
| T7.1.2B | Data-200 Series |
| T7.1.2C | Data-Dataphone II |
| T7.1.2D | Data-400 Series |
| T7.1.2E | Data-Dataphone Aux. Eqpt. |
| T7.1.2G | Data-Change Charges |
| T7.1.3 | Data-Local Area |
| T7.1.4 | Data-Dataspeed 40 & 4540 |

| T7.1.5 | Data-Teleprinter-Model 43 |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| т7.1.6 | Data-Teleprinter-1000 |
| T7.1.7 | Data-Electronic Blackboard |
| T7.1.8 | Data-Comm-Stor II |
| T7.1.9 | Data-Visual Display |
| T7.1.10 | Data-Transaction Telephone |
| T7.1.11 | Data-Transaction Printer |
| T7.1.12 | Data-Split Stream Unit |
| 17.1.13 | Data-Multi. Access Interface |
| T7.1.14 | Data-Asyn/Syn Converter |
| T7.1.15 | Data-Duoplexor |
| T7.1.16 | Data-Key Transfer Arrangement |
| T7.1.18 | Data-Multi-Function Telephone |
| T7.1.20 | Data-Electronic Switching |
| T7.1.21 | Data-Portable Comm. For Deaf |
| T7.1.23 | Data-Video Display Terminal |
| T7.1.24 | Data-Service Unit-PL |
| | T8 Sets & Adjuncts |
| T8.2.4 | Sets-Message Waiting |
| т8.2.5 | Sets-One Button |
| T8.2.6 | Sets-Design Line |
| T8.2.7 | Sets-Touch-A-Matic |
| T8.2.8 | Sets-Panel-Non Button |
| T8.2.9 | Sets-Elevator |
| ፕ ደ 2 10 | Sate-Fraincine Atmosphere |

| T8.2.11 | Sets-Outdoor |
|----------------|------------------------------------|
| T8.2.12 | Sets-Code-Com |
| т8.2.13 | Sets-Decorator |
| т8.3 | Sets-Automatic Dialer |
| T8.4 | Sets-Automatic Answer & Record |
| T8.5 | Sets-Portable Loudspeaker |
| | T9 Miscellaneous Equipment |
| T9.5.4 | Misc-Seeing Aid Equipment |
| T9.5. 5 | Misc-Touch-Tone |
| T9.5.6 | Misc-Touch-Tone to Dial Pulse |
| T9.5.7 | Misc-Message Waiting Lamps |
| T9.5.8 | Misc-P.L. Sampling |
| т9.5.9 | Misc-DND Message Register |
| T9.5.10 | Misc-Switched CKT. Auto. Net. Ter. |
| T9.7.2 | Misc-Conn-Data Terminal |
| T9.7.3 | Misc-Conn-Telephotograph |
| т9.7.4 | Misc-Conn-REC, REPRO, Answer |
| T9.7.5 | Misc-Conn-Dictation Recording |
| T9.7.6 | Misc-Conn-Alarm Detection |
| T9.7.7 | Misc-Conn-Fire Detection |
| T9.7.8 | Misc-Conn-Audible Indicating |
| T9.7.9 | Misc-Conn-PA, Loudspeaker, Page |
| T9.7.10 | Misc-Conn-Voice Trans & Rec |
| T9.7.11 | Misc-Conn-Communications Sys. |

T10 Customized Services

| T10.1.1 | CS-Key Eqpt301A-Ft. Campbell |
|-----------|---------------------------------|
| T10.1.2 | CS-Small Tower Pack. Owensboro |
| T10.1.3 | CS-Crash Alarm-Ft. Campbell |
| T10.1.4 | CS-Bowman Field Arrangement |
| T10.1.5 | CS-375 Key-FAA-Bowman |
| T10.1.6 | CS-375 Key-FAA-Paducah |
| | T103 Obsolete PBX |
| T103.1.1 | PBX Dimension 100-Non 2 Tier |
| T103.1.1 | PBX Dimension 100-Two Tier |
| T103.1.1 | PBX Dimension 400-Non 2 Tier |
| T103.1.1 | PBX Dimension 400-Two Tier |
| T103.1.1 | PBX Dimension 2000-Non 2 Tier |
| T103.1.1 | PBX Dimension 2000-Two Tier |
| T103.1.3 | PBX 770 Two Tier |
| T103.1.4 | PBX 770 Conventional |
| T103.1.5 | PBX Guest Dial Pak |
| T103.1.6 | PBX Hotel/Motel |
| T103.1.7 | PBX 756 |
| T103.1.8 | PBX 756A Dial |
| T103.1.9 | PBX Touch-Speed Dial |
| T103.1.10 | PBX 200 Series |
| T103.1.11 | PBX 300 Series |
| T103.1.12 | PBX Centralized Incoming |
| T103.1.13 | PBX Additions to 701, 711, 740E |

| T103.1.14 | PBX 701A & 711 |
|-----------|--------------------------------|
| T103.1.16 | PBX 750A & 755A |
| T103.1.17 | PBX Modular 701 Pk |
| T103.1.18 | PBX Status Dial-Two Digit |
| T103.1.19 | PBX 740-SBE Dial |
| T103.2 | PBX Manual Systems |
| | T104 Obsolete Horizon |
| T104.4 | Horizon-Obsolete |
| | T105 Obsolete Key |
| T105.1 | Key 100 |
| T105.2 | Key 101 |
| T105.3 | Key 6 Button Sets |
| T105.4 | Key 6 Button Card Dialer |
| T105.5 | Key 4A |
| T105.6.1 | Key Manual Signaling |
| T105.6.2 | Key Automatic Signaling |
| T105.6.3 | Key Manual Intercom |
| T105.6.4 | Key Dial Intercom & Signaling |
| T105.7 | Key 20-40 Dial Pak |
| T105.8 | Key SVC Observing (6A, 6B) |
| T105.9 | Com Key-Obsolete Items |
| | T106 Obsolete Special Services |
| T106.1 | SS-Telephone Answering Service |
| T106.2.1 | SS-Call Distributing-Model 40 |
| T106.2.2 | SS-Call Distributor-2A |

| T106.2.3 | SS-Call Distributor-Small Auto |
|-----------|--------------------------------|
| T106.3.1 | SS-ESSX-Console-50A |
| T106.3.2 | SS-Consoles-Centrex CU |
| T106.4 | SS-CTX CU I & II Intercom |
| T106.4 | SS-CTX CU I-Ext & Int Stations |
| T106.4 | SS-CTX CU II-Extension stats |
| T106.4 | SS-CTX CU Auxiliary Equipment |
| | T107 Obsolete Data |
| T107.1 | Regulations & Charges |
| T107.1.2A | Data-100 Series |
| T107.1.2B | Data-200 Series |
| T107.1.2C | Data-400 Series |
| T107.1.2D | Data-600 Series |
| T107.1.2E | Data-800 Series & Aux. Eqpt. |
| T107.1.2F | Data Set Cabinets |
| T107.1.2G | Dataphone-Alternate DTWX |
| T107.1.3 | Data-TTY-High Speed |
| T107.1.4 | Data-TTY-Up to 75 Baud |
| T107.1.5 | Data-TTY-Over 75 Baud |
| T107.1.6 | Dataspeed 40 |
| T107.1.7 | Data-Teleprinter-SCB 300 |
| T107.1.8 | Data-Model 43 |
| T107.1.9 | Data-Visual Display |
| T107.1.10 | Data-Transaction Telephone |

T108 Obsolete Sets & Adjuncts

| T108.2.1 | Sets-Princess |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| T108.2.2 | Sets-Trimline |
| T108.2.3 | Sets-Residence Packages |
| T108.2.4 | Sets-Design Line |
| T108.2.5 | Sets-Custom Telephone |
| T108.2.6 | Sets-Explosive Atmosphere |
| T108.2.7 | Sets-Portable |
| T108.2.8 | Sets-Touch-A-Matic |
| T108.3A | Sets-Automatic Dialer |
| T108.3B | Sets-Magicall |
| T108.3C | Sets-Rapidial |
| T108.4 | Sets-Automatic Answer & Record |
| T108.5 | Sets-Alarm Reporting |
| | T109 Obsolete Miscellaneous Eqpt. |
| T109.1.1 | Misc-Cords |
| T108.1.2 | Misc-Forward Calling |
| T109.1.3 | Misc-Illuminated Dial |
| T109.1.4 | Misc-Conference-Loudspeaker |
| T109.1.5 | Misc-Speakerphone |
| T109.1.6 | Misc-Volume Control |
| T109.2.1-2 | Misc-Signaling |
| T109.2.3 | Misc-Bell Chime Ringer |
| T100 3 1 | Mino-DRY Anoillary |

| T109.3.2 | Misc-Operators' Sets |
|----------|-------------------------------|
| T109.4.1 | Misc-Code Calling |
| T109.4.2 | Misc-Interphone-Home |
| T109.4.3 | Misc-Interphone-Farm |
| T109.4.4 | Misc-Interphone-Hospital |
| T109.4.5 | Misc-Microphone & Loudspeaker |
| T109.4.6 | Misc-Paging |
| T109.4.7 | Misc-Service Observing Arrent |
| T109.4.8 | Misc-Interphone-Business |
| T109.5.1 | Misc-Conference-Key |
| T109.5.2 | Misc-Tie Line Terminations |
| T109.5.4 | Misc-Message Register |
| T109.6 | Misc-Connecting Arrangements |